THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 103

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR ALDERMAN OF THE THIRD WARD, JAMES O. DURFF, the regular nominee by acclamation of the citizens of the above Ward. de15

FOR ALDERMAN.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Alderman from the First Ward, at the ensuing municipal election. de13 HUGH NOTT.

TO the Voters of the Eighth Ward: Honored two years since in being designated by your unsolicited suffrages as a representative in the Board of Aldermen, and conscious of an earnest purpose on my part to fulfill this confidence by a faithful discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the position, I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election. dall W. H. PASSMORE.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE SIXTH WARD. By request of many Republicans, I announce myself as an Independent Candidate for Alderman of the Sixth Ward. Election 7th of January, 1869. If elected, will study the interest of my ward and the city in general. de6 E. J. COMER.

FOR RENT.

FOR LEASE.—Will lease for five or ten years TEN ACRES CLEARED LAND, on Central Avenue, opposite Col. Wash. Taylor's residence, about one and a-half miles east of town. G. A. STOVALL, de13 1w 327 Main street.

FOR RENT.—Offices and Rooms in the Post-office and Library Buildings, northeast corner Jefferson and Third streets. A Night Watchman and German Janitor on the premises. Inquire of THOS. WICKERSHAM, second floor, Postoffice Building. de8 2w

FOR RENT.—A Residence on Vance street, No. 488, opposite the St. Agnes Academy and the terminus of the street cars. Contains eight rooms besides kitchen and servants' room; two good cisterns, stable, fruit trees, etc. For terms apply to COALMAN BOYD, de6 1f 2d Main street.

FOR RENT.—On Valentine avenue, two and a half miles from the city, my residence, containing eight rooms, basement, kitchen, servant's rooms, carriage house, stable, good cistern and well, all in good repair, with twenty or thirty-four acres. Apply to MRS. S. A. FAINE, on the premises, or to JOE LOCKE, News Stand, 298½ Main St. nov28 tf

FOR RENT.—Main Street Stores and excellent Offices for rent—Cellars, First and Second Floors and Sleeping Rooms, moderate to prompt tenants. W. A. Wheatley, 280 Main. nov2 1m Agent, P. C. BETHELL.

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE, at the Appeal office. oc27

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Speight, Donnell & Rodman lands in Tipton and Shelby counties. The undersigned, as attorneys of W. B Rodman, are authorized to sell and convey Judge Rodman's interest in said lands. Persons desirous to purchase in lands will please call on the undersigned on good iearn terms, which will be accommodating and R. R. HEATH and A. M. LEWIS, 358 Second street. nov14 tf

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON TEXAS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years—and in any quantity—from 2 acres to 320. My residence, with from 14 to 28 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Wagster, Treezevant & Co., my agents, in the city. ja17 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

TEACHER WANTED—To take charge of the Male Academy at Bolivar, Hardeman county, Tenn., as Principal, the position having become vacant by the resignation of the present incumbent. The Academy Buildings are commodious, and the school liberally supported. Address A. T. MORRAL, de9 10t Secretary Board Trustees.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the German National Bank of Memphis that there will be an Election held at the Banking House on

Tuesday, January 12th, 1869,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., for the purpose of choosing Seven Directors to serve during the ensuing year. de11 1d MARTIN GRIFFIN, Cashier.

Notice.

HAVING disposed of my entire interest in the late firm of Matthews, Judson & Co. and Judson & Co. to the remaining partners, I am no longer a member thereof. They assume all the indebtedness of said firms, and are alone authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same. E. G. MATTHEWS.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 28, 1868.

The business of said firms will continue as heretofore by the undersigned, remaining partners, under the name and style of JUDSON & CO., who assume the liabilities of said firms, and who alone are authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.

A. B. JUDSON,
T. H. JUDSON,
J. C. ALEXANDER.

Memphis, November 28, 1868.

In retiring from said firms I respectfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends. nov29 1m R. G. MATTHEWS.

Ledger, Bulletin and Post copy.

NOTICE.—I have a Tract of Land, 40 acres, near the Old State Line road, five miles from Memphis, well improved, with a good young Orchard of Peaches, Apples, Pears and Cherries, an extra fine Well of Water, which I wish to sell for cash. This place is in an excellent neighborhood, near Mr. J. J. Smith and Geo. C. Holmes. Inquire on the premises, or of Norment & Graves, No. 4 Howard's Row. de3 1m daw ROBT. W. NORMENT.

NOTICE.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Jacksonport, Jackson county, Arkansas, until the first day of January, 1869, for the erection of a BRICK COURT HOUSE, with iron window caps and sills, iron cornice, stairways and balconies, slate and tin roof. The size of said building to be 70 feet, with center projections on each side and end, of two by fifteen feet, carried up with dormitories; to be two stories high, with mansard or French roof, belfry and dome.

Plan and specifications can be seen at this office. Three annual payments, to be made according to the progress of the work, and the house is to be completed by the first of January, 1870, and the payments to be made according to the reports of the Internal Improvement Commissioner to the court.

RILEY KINMAN, dec2 1m Sheriff of Jackson County, Ark.

NOTICE.

MR. B. D. BULKLEY has become associated with the undersigned in the Agency of the Carolina Life Insurance Company, for Tennessee and Central Alabama, to date from the 1st of November, 1868. The style of the firm will hereafter be Bulkley, Ferguson & Privett.

B. D. BULKLEY,
nov21 1m J. N. PRIVETT.

GROCERS.

J. P. COFFIN, Late with Toof, Phillips & Co., CHAS. COFFIN, HECTOR COFFIN.

COFFIN BROS.,

DEALERS IN

Choice Groceries,

392 Main Street,

(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN

JUST receiving, fresh assortments of all leading goods in their line.
New New Orleans Sugar.
New New Orleans Molasses and Syrup, and Golden Syrup.
Coffees—Rio, Laguayra, Java and Mocha.
Fresh supply of Teas.
Mackerel—Nos. 1 and No. 2; Smoked Salmon and Blosters; Codfish, plain and dessicated.
Best Brands of Flour.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. de12

COAL.

MOUNT CARBON COAL

No. 20 Madison Street,

W. C. POSTAL, AGENT. del1f

HAYS COAL COMPANY,

DEALERS in best Pittsburg Coal. Coal shipped by the car load and in bagheads. Office 298½ Main street, Memphis, Tenn. se28 1f

JOHN REED,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER, No. 62 Jefferson Street, entrance in alley. Special attention given to Stair Work. Houses and Verandahs framed ready for shipping. [nov21 1m

THE NEWS.

—Virginia owes over $42,000,000.

—The Mormons propose oyster culture.

—Typhoid fever is very prevalent in Maine.

—Michigan has a cash balance of a million and more.

—Cleveland counts up 25,187 school children.

—There are said to be 150,000 teachers in the United States.

—Rossini has left £120 a year for two prizes, in music and poetry.

—Minnesota's population increases twenty per cent. a year.

—The Union Pacific conveys passengers 1430 miles from Chicago.

—Prizes are offered at Cornell for the best reports of lectures.

—A company at Castleton, Vt., manufacture 108,100 slate pencils per day.

—A. Wiseacre, M. D., attributes much of the sickness in winter to the bad effects of coal gas.

—Prince Edward's Island makes cider for the Montreal foreign wine manufacture.

—One of the oldest houses in the United States is a stone one at Guilford, built in 1640.

—"Blindpits" is the title of a novel recently printed in Edinburg, and highly commended.

—The Androscoggin mills turn out annually 2,000,000 grain bags and 6,000,000 yards of sheetings.

—In ten paper mills at Holyoke, Mass., there are about twenty-six tons of paper manufactured daily.

—A soft stone, that can be cut like pine with a penknife, composes the material of which Fort Wallace is built.

—Miss Adelaide Phillips will sail for Paris in the spring, where she has made a four years' engagement to sing in opera.

—Miss Olive Park has taught school in one room at Methuen, Mass., for thirty-six years.

—Thiers, the last half year, has puzzled the Parisians by purchasing more than 150 volumes on Natural History.

—A revival of religion has been in progress for the past two weeks at Emory and Henry College, Va.

—The Princetonites tried to introduce "cap and gown," but the faculty came down on them.

—Country papers are constantly asserting that Mr. W. C. Bryant has sold out his interest in the *Post*. It is not true.

—A colored theologian presented himself in chapel at Princeton lately, whereat certain students wax indignant and protest.

—The Boston Latin School is the oldest educational institution in the country—founded in 1635, three years before Harvard.

—The New Britain factories have discharged all children under fifteen, so that they may attend school three months according to the State law.

—Rev. Gilbert Haven believes that "Longfellow is loved for his fancies, tenderness and finish; Whittier for his humanity and heartiness; and Holland for his religion."

—Agassiz and Goldwin Smith have been giving popular lectures in Ithaca, the latter devoting the proceeds to buying books on English history for the college library.

—German novelists seem to be in high favor with Americans just now. Auerbach's "On the Heights" charmed all who read it, and now his "Villa on the Rhine" is being presented to the American public in half-a-dozen different publications.

—A Boston barber has a regar which was purchased at West Point when Benedict Arnold was in command of that post—two silver dollars being the sum paid for it. It has now been in constant use nearly a hundred years and still has a keen edge.

—We have, says the New York *Mail*, the two first copies of the *Church Record*, a journal of church news and religious literature. By "church" the Episcopal denomination is meant, and the "news" part relates to that branch of the church. We see no differences between this Episcopal paper and others of the same school. We presume Episcopalians will give it a hearty support.

—New Orleans is exhilarated by the crop returns. The *Times* exultantly says: Three hundred thousand bales of cotton have been received at our wharves since the opening of the season. At the average rate this import ought to produce thirty millions of dollars, which is certainly a large sum, that ought to give the present business season a good start. At this rate we ought to receive over 500,000 bales by Christmas. Sugar, too, is coming in very freely, and the crop promises to run to if not over one hundred thousand hogsheads.

—It is said that the poet Percival, who used to live a hermit-like life at New Haven, that before women he was one of the most bashful of men. In their presence he "blushed to the bones." At one time he was asked to lecture before the pupils of a female seminary, and agreed to do so if he might address the young ladies with his back towards them. It is said that he actually went through with this laughable performance, standing on the platform with his face turned to the wall while the women filed in, and then delivered his lecture while in the same position.

—The trustees of the Peabody Endowment Fund in Harvard University have secured quite a large number of specimens for the contemplated museum of archæology and ethnology, and Mr. Winthrop, while in Paris, succeeded in obtaining a fine collection of Swiss remains and specimens for it. The trustees of the fund have also obtained a variety of terra-cotta figures and idols secured by Gen. Caleb Cushing during the Mexican war. Specimens from the Pacific Islands and Africa have been deposited by the Boston Athenæum. In aboriginal remains a great deal has been done, and the collection in this respect promises to be quite extensive.

—We noticed, in the items department of the New York *World*, a few days since, an announcement that a celebrated "spiritual medium" would hold *seances*, at which she proposed to reveal the secrets of Masonry as confided to her by the spirits of departed master workmen. Fancy Chancellor Walworth, Finley M. King, Ebenezer Wadsworth, et al., coming down from the Celestial Lodge to "exemplify the work" for a crack brained medium, of the female persuasion! We advise those dull and stolid fellows *named* brethren at their initiation, but who always excuse their dullness and stolidity by the stereotyped words "rusty" and "not very well posted," to call on this enterprising person and receive "light" at a quarter a piece. It is the only way in which they will ever get it!

—Secretary Schofield places the condition of the War Department before the country in the usual manner. From it we learn that the army will be reduced to 45,000 by the 1st of January; that the actual current expenses of the War Department during the past year have been $68,743,094 71, besides $9,961,406 42 old war debts paid during the year, making the total expenditures of the Department $78,704,501 14; that the appropriations for the present fiscal year are $35,400,557 47, which will be exceeded by the expenditure, leaving a deficiency of $13,975,000; and that the discipline of the army is better than ever before since the close of the war. On the Indian question the Secretary recommends that when they violate their treaties they should no longer be regarded as a nation to be punished by war, but as a dependent uncivilized people, to be cared for and governed. He approves and urges Gen. Sherman's recommendation that the exclusive care of Indian affairs be transferred to the War Department.

GRANT.

The Bishops of the M. E. Church Congratulate Him.

From the Washington Chronicle.]

The following letter has been received by the President elect:

PHILADELPHIA, November 19, 1868.

To U. S. Grant:

General: As our fathers congratulated Washington on his accession to the Presidency, so would we congratulate you. Interest, duty, and gratitude combined to induce the nation to call you to the Chief Magistracy. The qualities which you have displayed in the field are those which are specially demanded in the Cabinet, and the glory which crowns your arms will, we trust, be succeeded by the higher glory that will crown your counsels.

The principles which have triumphed in your election, executed with the calm wisdom and undeviating steadiness which have marked your military movements, must result in the restoration of the States to their proper relations, business to its proper channels, rights to all citizens, peace to all our borders, and the public credit and the national honor to their proper eminence in all the markets and courts of the world.

As a matter of feeling, not merely of form, we desire to express to you our determination to pray for your health, happiness, success, and salvation, and our hope that your spirit and example, both in public and private, may advance the faith of a Christian. From your lofty eminence a holy life may be felt, with power to the remotest extremities of the land, and through all ages to come.

Trusting that from the hour of your inauguration justice will everywhere through the land secure quiet, call forth capital, capital stimulate industry, energy, and invention, and that the nation will steadily rise to higher, nobler, more Christian civilization, we are, sir, your obedient servants,

T. A. MORRIS, E. S. JAMES,
L. S. OUT, M. S. MPSON,
E. R. AMES, D. W. CLARK,
E. THOMSON, C. KINGSLEY,
Bishops of the Methodist E. Church.

HYMEN.

A Fashionable Wedding in Colored Circles.

From the Raleigh (N. C.) Sentinel, 9th.]

The officer of the Freedmen's Bureau at Greensboro, the other day, ordered a negro couple who had been brought before him, to be taken before a 'Squire and married, for obvious reasons. The Justice, after explaining the duties and obligations, requested them to join hands.

Bride—"I jist gwine to do it; I doesn't want to hab nuffin to do wid dat nigger."

This protest opened the 'Squire's eyes like two full moons in the harvest. He asked what was the meaning of it? Just then a representative of the Bureau stepped in and informed the Justice that they were ordered by the Bureau officer to be married, and that he had come to see the sentence executed. With this understanding the Justice told the "happy couple" to join hands, which they did after much persuasion, and the following scene occurred:

Justice—"Do you take this man to be your wedded husband, to love, honor, obey," etc.

Bride—"No I doesn't; not much I doesn't; I wouldn't hab a four acre lot of such trash."

Freedmen's Bureau—"Yes we do, 'Squire; we take him; go on with the ceremony."

Justice—"And do you take this woman to be your wedded wife, to love, cherish," etc.

Groom—"I told you dat I wasn't 'tickular; I isn't hankering arter de crow. I can jis widout de gal."

Freedmen's Bureau—"Certainly, we take her—of course we do; suits us to allspice. Hurry up the cases."

Justice—"Then I pronounce you man and wife, and may the Lord have mercy on your souls!"

FIFTY YEARS HENCE.

A Glimpse at the Future of Ocean Navigation.

The Shifting of Populations.

The London *Spectator*, in some speculations on the changes that may possibly occur in the next half century in consequence of new discoveries, regards emigration as one of the things which is quite as likely to be affected as any other. Should a new impetus be given to this, the consequence to Europe would be very serious. The writer says:

Suppose, if true, as so many men of mark in science believe, that the next great step may be in sea-going vessels, that international communication may be accelerated, as internal communication has been, that we may yet see New York brought within two days' journey of Liverpool, the probability is that in ten years every social condition now existing in Europe would have ceased to exist; that the millions who toil for others and on whose toil modern society is built, would choose to toil for themselves—would precipitate themselves in a rush, to which all the movements of mankind have been trifles, upon the New World. Suppose the population of Britain and Germany reduced to 10,000,000—a change less in magnitude than that which has occurred in many countries—and these 10,000,000 only retained by advantages as great as the New World can offer, what would all the changes of the past half century be to that?

This may happen, even without any application of Stephenson's great idea—the one idea he never worked out—that if engineers, instead of trying to increase the power applicable to driving ships, were to reduce the friction which retards ships, the world would speedily be one great parish. This writer, who has seen many countries and lived among many races, seriously believes that, of all the dangers to which Europe and European society are exposed, none is so formidable as the passion for emigration; seriously doubts whether, if education spreads in Europe, it will be possible to retain its population cooped up in their narrow and half-exhausted corner of the world. We think, we English, that we know what emigration is; but we know nothing about it; have no idea of the changes it would involve if aided by the whole force of the masses then in possession of the supreme political power. Suppose five sixths of those Englishmen who leave work for others to choose to go elsewhere and work for themselves.

The change between Waterloo and Sadows would be very slight compared with the change between 1868 and 1818, and there is not a sensible man in England who will declare that alteration beyond the reach of thought. Why should not emigration in England and Germany attain the height it has reached in Ireland, and the masses insist on aiding it through the national fleets? The Irish would, if they had the power, and the British have this year the power conferred on them. We say nothing of a discovery which, if it is ever made, will remould all human society, slowly pulverize all differences among nations, fusing the world into one people, and immediately destroy all existing political arrangements—the discovery of a means of maintaining and guiding a raft ten feet or so in the air, for we cannot resist a totally unreasonable impression that the discovery will not be made, that progress will not in our time make that astounding leap. Apart altogether from that, there are physical forces now at work strong enough to change the whole face of the world, by shifting its population.

INDIANA KU-KLUX.

How the Recent Tragedy was Performed.

What the Indiana People think of it.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.]

The descent of the Seymour masqueraders on the New Albany jail appears to have been organized, as it was executed, with uncommon secrecy, resolution and address.

The parties involved in the transaction got aboard the down train at various points between Indianapolis and Jeffersonville, and were not suspected by any one. The train was delayed about fifty-five minutes, and did not reach the Jeffersonville depot until nearly three o'clock. It was in time, however, to catch the early train for New Albany, and on this the masqueraders collected themselves. As soon as they had fairly got under way, en route for New Albany, they made prisoners of the engineer and conductor, and on arriving at the New Albany depot, locked them up in the ticket office and placed a guard over them. The party then went to the jail and did the work they had set themselves to do, as we have described. Then they retraced their steps; re-entered the train; placed the engineer and conductor at their posts, but still well guarded; and, under penalty of death, commanded these railroad officials to take them instantly back to Jeffersonville. When within a short distance of the depot, at this latter point, they caused the train to stop, and, getting out themselves, they released the engineer and conductor, ordering them to return to New Albany, which they did. It was now nearly five o'clock, the time of departure for the early train on the Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis Railroad. They accordingly separated themselves, straggled in one by one at the Jeffersonville depot, got on the cars as ordinary passengers, and long before daylight were speeding over the country, apparently unconscious of the terrible tragedy in which they had borne the leading parts. The telegraph wires had been cut, and by the time the news could pursue them, they were beyond the reach of recognition.

The Seymour vigilance committee is composed of men of all sects, of all parties, and of all conditions; but in this business their agents conducted the bloody mission which was intrusted to them with a celerity, union, and purpose which are alone ascribed to the mystical Ku-Klux Klan.

The feeling in Indiana, as far as we can learn it, is one in which disapproval and relief make up the chief ingredients. Law-abiding people are naturally shocked at so startling a violation of the law; but, on the other hand, peaceable citizens feel that no community was safe so long as the felons remained unhanged. The proverbial looseness of the law, the danger of escape by legal manipulation or outside contrivance, and the desperate character of the prisoners, are set up as a pretext for an act which cannot be excused except upon grounds of great public apprehension and absolute public peril. It is declared that these grounds exist in the minds of the people of Seymour, and it is clear enough that they exist in their imaginations, which more or less control the conduct of all men. The subject, however, is both complicated and mysterious, and we leave it in the keeping of those who have more immediate interests than we have, and are better advised.

INSANITY.

An Epidemic of It Threatened.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.]

Hard upon the ending of the cases of Gen. Cole and Commodore Meade—in favor of the former of whom the plea of insanity was urged, and against the latter of whom the charge of insanity was alleged—comes, in this city, yesterday morning, the attempted killing of his own mother, by a young man likewise supposed to be insane. The old lady, Mrs. Fanny Craig, the victim of the bloody freaks of her *non compos mentis* son, is now lying in a critical condition in the hospital. The circumstances of the case are rather peculiar, and entirely preclude any other supposition than that of the actual insanity of the would-be matricide. It appears that the young man, who had come to regard his avocation as a printer with dislike, and consequently wished to engage in some other employment, had been in the habit of sitting up of nights at hard study. From this intense mental application it is supposed that his mind became deflected. At any rate, he has been acting strangely for some time past, to account for which no other cause can be assigned. Both mother and son are of the highest respectability, and between them a strong affection subsisted. The mother had noticed his unusual conduct, but apprehended no danger to herself. She retired to bed as usual on Tuesday night, and was awakened by his clutch upon her throat. Before she escaped from his grasp he had seriously cut her in the neck with a knife. Of course the magistrate could but commit him to await the result of the injuries inflicted, but yet no doubt remains that he was really insane.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The Proposed Allowance of Commission to Customers.

From the Norwich (Conn.) Advertiser.]

We observe that twenty-five insurance companies of the city of New York, and among the best in the city, have given public notice that they would in future allow their customers the same commission paid to brokers, as an inducement to do business directly with them. This is a step in the right direction, and one in which the whole community is interested.

It has been patent for years that the practice of insuring through brokers has been fruitful of bad risks, and was resulting in extravagant premiums to the insured. On complaining of the great advancement of rates, we are gravely informed that this has become necessary from the great increase of fires. What has caused this increase of fires? There can be no question but the brokerage system is responsible in part, by stimulating over-insurance, with too little regard to the character of the assured, the quality of the risk, as well as the amount taken.

We believe it is generally admitted by fire underwriters that fraud is responsible for no inconsiderable part of their losses. Rates of insurance have to be correspondingly advanced. The honest customer has not only to share the burden in increased premiums, but extravagant brokerage beside, for all such expenses really come out of the insured. Let the insured come together, as in former days. There would be a better understanding between the parties, a juster appreciation of the value of the property, the nature of the risk and the *object* of the applicant.

If insurance companies can afford to deduct from 10 to 20 per cent. of their receipts as a commission to brokers, and have a profit left, what justice is there in refusing the same percentage to their customer, who chooses to be his own broker, in transacting business directly with them? Evidently none at all, and responsible companies who will thus make it the interest of their customers to deal *directly*, deserve the business, and will in the end be sure to command it.

We are led to these remarks, as it is a subject which interests the whole country as well as New York. In every business community the cost of insurance is one of its burdens. Any system which tends to lighten it, or to increase the security of the assured, commends to the patronage and good will of the public.

THE LATE DISASTER

Will it be Investigated or not? Echo, Not.

From the Pittsburg Post.]

Everybody, that is to say, all the newspapers, are "hoping that a thorough investigation will be made into the causes" of the terrible collision on the Ohio river, by which so many lives were lost, the other day. What good will it do? We have had scores and hundreds of similar accidents on our rivers and railways, and thousands of lives are frequently lost in consequence of them. Official investigations are made into them all—their causes are perfectly well understood—yet, we believe *there is not a single instance on record in which any person has been held responsible or been punished.* Coroners inquests, under which form of law these investigations are usually held, have come to be universally regarded as the emptiest and most useless of all formalities; but even their verdicts never lead to any action, and are generally forgotten within a week after they are rendered. What is the reason of this strange and disastrous neglect to enforce the law? Is nobody interested in it? Are there not officers appointed or elected for the express purpose of doing that very thing? Then why, in the name of all that is sensible and safe, is it never done?

There is a constant clamor for new laws on these subjects. Whenever a railway or steamboat disaster happens, there is a loud demand for new legislation on the subject. But this is not what is needed. We have plenty of laws—some of them good and some very bad—laws on every conceivable subject and for the accomplishment of every imaginable object. The trouble is, they are never enforced. They are dead letters on the statute book. Not one man in a thousand knows of their existence, and not one in a million shows by practical action any care for their enforcement. There are prosecuting officers everywhere, whose special business it is to see that the laws are enforced, but they require a complaint to be made by somebody of their violation, and nobody takes the trouble to make it. Now and then the widow or the children of some poor man who has been crushed by some illegal railway collision, or blown to pieces by the explosion of a steamer's boiler, or a cargo of petroleum, both of which were forbidden by law, sues for damages and gets them. But the chances of such a contingency are comparatively small, and some companies, we understand, make them the subject of calculation, and conclude, on the whole, that it is cheaper to run the risk of them, than to go to the expense of such precautions as would prevent the accidents out of which they grow. This is rather a cold-blooded view of the subject, it must be confessed—but it is strictly a business view, and our great corporations cannot, in these days at least, be expected to take any other.

We hope that the Ohio disaster will be "investigated," by all means. It will be some comfort to all parties to see a little fuss made about it. It will look as if somebody cared something about it, and will engage public attention a week or two, until the whole thing can be quietly and comfortably forgotten; as so many similar slaughters have been before it. And what more can any good citizen, who appreciates the blessing of a quiet life and hates excitement, ask or expect? Let it be "investigated," certainly; and let the investigation be "searching" and "exhaustive"—for then it will take longer and will thus give more time for the public feeling to die away.

DIVORCE.

Eminent Writers on the New Fashions.

To the Editors of the New York World:

Sir: In the last Episcopal Convention it was proposed that there should be no divorce except for (physical) adultery. Perhaps some of your readers might like to know what some others of the wise and great have said on this subject. I need not quote what Jesus Christ said about heart adultery. The following opinions are culled from a new reform book, "Exit of Caliban and Shylock."

"Those who marry intend as little to conspire their own ruin as those who swear allegiance; and as a whole people is to an ill government so is one man or woman to an ill marriage."—*John Milton.*

"A condition requiring the continuance of marriage, notwithstanding a change in the feelings of the parties, is absurd, shocking, and contrary to humanity."—*Jeremy Bentham.*

"Marriage having this peculiarity, that its objects are frustrated when the feelings of both parties are not in harmony with it, should require nothing but the declared will of either party to dissolve it."—*Alex. Humboldt.*

"The subject of marriage is usually discussed as if the interests of children were everything—those of grown persons nothing."—*John Stuart Mill.*

"He considered that every marriage in which the purest love failed on either side was no better than a work of adultery."—*Life of J. P. Richter.*

"Rousseau, when a wife's nature loathed that of a man she is wedded to, marriage must be slavery; against slavery all right thinkers revolt; and though torture be the price of resistance, torture must be dared; though the only road to freedom be through the gates of death, those gates must be passed, for freedom is indispensable."—*Charlotte Bronte.*

"I read in papers every session, every year, how the impossibility of one ever getting unchained from one another at any price, on any terms, brings blood upon this land."—*Charles Dickens.*

Divorce laws have but little influence on licentiousness. Italy, where there is no divorce, is more immoral than those parts of Germany where it is easily obtained. Reliance must be placed on the vast aggregate of moral agencies, of which religion is chief. S. L.

HELEN WESTERN.

Her Death---Brief Resume of her Career.

From the Washington Chronicle.]

The well known actress, Helen Western, died at the Kirkwood House, in this city, yesterday morning. Few actresses of such limited ability have succeeded in becoming so widely known. Helen Western was a sister of Lucille Western, and the career of both resemble each other very closely. To Lucille, however, was given greater natural talents, which, in spite of lack of culture, would often startlingly assert themselves in such parts as *Leah* and *Lady Isabella.*

Both sisters were first brought into prominent notice by their stepfather, a Mr. Ecglish, during the run of a dubious piece called "The Three Fast Men," originally produced in Boston in 1858. Helen was then eighteen years of age, being at the time of her death about twenty-eight, perhaps more. Kind-hearted, cheerful in disposition, and easy to please, she was as a star actress more popular with the members of the profession than with either the critics or the general public. She was twice married—once to a lawyer of Baltimore city, and afterward to Mr. Herne, a stock actor, now in California. From both husbands she was separated; from the first by divorce, from the second by mutual consent. In person Helen was very beautiful; of large proportions, dark eyed and fair skinned, with glossy black hair, and a foot which, for size and symmetry, would not have disgraced Titania. Though, during the war, both sisters made money, Helen died anything but rich, and Lucille, now in California, left here in indigent circumstances, though in less than five years she earned and received from various theaters upwards of two hundred thousand dollars.

The grave covers all faults, and a decent respect for those lately passed away has made it a rule to tell all the good and suppress all the evil that might be said of public persons after their decease. We have no inclination, even though we question the justice and wisdom of the practice, to depart from it in this case, satisfied that both sisters have been far more sinned against than sinning.

The last engagement ever played by Helen Western was played here, at Wall's Opera House, and was closed a week ago last Saturday, she playing the part of "Jack Sheppard," under the management of Mr. Sanderson.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

J. W. DICKINSON, W. W. WILLIAMS, DR. B. F. DICKINSON.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.)

COTTON FACTORS,

General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,

210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn

☞ We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignments sep4

JAMES & FITCHNER,

Commission Merchants,

No. 176 Front Street,

☞ Special attention paid to the sale of Cotton, Produce and Provisions. Orders and Consignments solicited. de6 1w

NEWTON FORD, Formerly of F. Lane & Co., H. FORSTENHEIM Late of Porter & Co. D. T. PORTER, Late Porter & Macrae

NEWTON FORD & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers & Commission Merchants,

No. 17 Union Street,

LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN

☞ Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. sep20 3m

WM. H. ANDREWS,

Grocer

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

280 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.

sep20 3m

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

And dealers in

Plantation & Family Supplies,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO., sep1 No. 226 Front street.

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL

MEACHAM & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers, Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 9 UNION STREET,

Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years, we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of Cotton.

Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.

Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep9 3m

HUGH TORRANCE,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

Gen'l Commission Merchant,

NO. 10 JEFFERSON ST., TITUS BLOCK,

OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE sep16 1m

FOSTER, GWYN & CO.,

No. 39 Water Street, New York,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

☞ The undersigned will make liberal advances on shipments Cotton to the above firm. WM. A. GWYN, nov29 1m No. 39 Front Street.

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn. B. FRANK HARBERT.

Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,

—WITH—

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

No. 11 Union Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sep1 3m

ST. LOUIS.

JOSEPH M. O'SHEA,

SUCCESSOR TO J. D. SULLIVAN,

IMPORTER OF

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

No. 106 North Fourth Street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc., repaired with neatness and dispatch.

☞ Mr. C. D. SULLIVAN has charge of the Watch Department. sep9 3m

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,

HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE OR IN BOND,

800 BARRELS

YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,

AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKY.

oct1-au14 6m daw

M. MAGEVNEY, Late of A. Vaccaro & Co. J. W. ROGAN, Late of A. J. Roach & Co.

MAGEVNEY & ROGAN,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.

320 FRONT STREET, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

COTTON---COMMISSION

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 278 Front Street, Up-stairs,

Over B. S. Taylor & Co.,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE. sep13 3m

RALPH WORMELEY,

(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)

COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 316 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my services at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other Produce assuring them of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealousness their interests.

Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured, unless otherwise instructed. RALPH WORMELEY. sep—

J. A. SHANE. DR. A. HARRIS.

SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,

(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.)

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION

And Forwarding Merchants,

254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO., No. 17 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. sep1 3m

H. FITZGERALD, Memphis. C. C. BILL, Gallatin. J. T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merch'ts

Agents for the Sale of Sheeting, Cotton Yarns and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder, and Printing Paper,

274 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

sep13 3m

SPRAGUE, SOULE & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

BOSTON, MASS.,

REPRESENTED IN MEMPHIS BY

THOMAS TROUT & SONS,

208 Front Street.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of Cotton to the above house; and, if desired, will be held as shipper may direct. sep17 3m

R. A. MOON,

Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,

252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.

THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season (far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to again offer my services to the planting community seeking Memphis as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Products. My personal attention will be devoted to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling Cotton, will be *One Dollar per Bale Commissions.* Consignments in transit or in store insured in my Open Policy, unless otherwise directed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.

R. A. MOON.

WM. McGEE, Memphis, Tenn. R. F. HERRON, Late of Shane, Bell & Co.

McGEE & HERRON,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

*

TO THE PUBLIC

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, *one year*.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, *one year*.....2 50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; *each subsequent insertion* 50 *cents per Square.*
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 *cents per line each insertion.*
Monthly advertisements, $8 *for first and* $4 *for each additional square.*
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL *will be charged one-sixth additional.*
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY *will be charged half of* DAILY *rates.*
Local Notices 20 *cents per line first insertion, and* 10 *cents per line per month.*
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 16, 1868

THE ALDERMANIC ELECTION.

The Radicals have made their nominations, and present an array of names for Aldermanic honors that will require efforts on the part of the Democracy to defeat. They are a unit upon these nominations, too, and are resolved to press them upon the attention of the people, to the exclusion of independent "announcements" by members of their party. They will not tolerate anything within their own limits that will weaken their strength or tend to the encouragement of the Democracy. There is, then, nothing left but a square contest. And to this fact we invite the attention of our party.

Except in the case of the Third ward, where Mr. DURFF, on Monday night, received the nomination of its citizens, the Democracy have not yet made any efforts in preparation for the struggle. True, we have announcements plenty, but not one, save Mr. DURFF's, that has received the indorsement of the Democracy or any respectable number of citizens. We have but three weeks to go upon, and this is the status of the belligerents.

The Radicals, flushed with the hopes inspired by the figures they were able to make in the Congressional race, fully organized, enthusiastic and sanguine. The Democracy laying back, hopeful, but without organization, plan or purpose, the brilliant success of LEFTWICH in '67 alone enlivening the dullness. The press has urged, (the APPEAL on several occasions within the past week,) organization and nomination, the discouragement and condemnation of independent nominations, but, so far, without any response worthy the party that has so many reasons for gratulation. Unless we act promptly we may count upon defeat. We have a wily and unconscionable enemy to confront. Full of resource, trick and impudence, they will stoop to anything, and troop negro voters by the hundred, to seize the city purse and stretch it proportionately as wide as they have that of the State and the county. There is no time to lose. The interests of Memphis, commercially as well as socially, depend upon what we may do. If we would sustain her commercial prosperity, release her from debt and develop her resources, she must remain under the control of the Democratic party, which alone is equal to the task of furnishing the ability necessary to her guidance. We beg then that our friends in the several Wards will at once put their shoulders to the wheel. We must move, and promptly. Everything depends upon our alertness and celerity. The Democracy should at once prepare for the contest.

JOSE TADEO MONAGAS, late provisional President of Venezuela, whose death was recently announced by the Cuba cable, was born in Venezuela, about 1786. In the revolution in that country, he joined the Patriot army, and distinguished himself by his bravery and military talents. Disappointed in securing political preferment, he headed military insurrections against the Government of Venezuela, during the administrations of PAEZ, the first, and VARGAS, the second President of that country. In 1846, MONAGAS was at last elected President, but in two years time exiled PAEZ, who had been aiding him in pacifying the republic, and assumed dictatorial powers In 1859, he was overthrown by a successful revolution, and compelled to retire to private life. During the late civil war in Venezuela, he assumed the leadership of the coalition formed against President FALCON, and taking command of the army, obliged FALCON to resign and leave the country. MONAGAS then assumed the office of Provisional President and became a candidate for the office of President. His death will revive the civil contests in Venezuela. It is supposed that his nephew, JOSE DOMINGO MONAGAS, will succeed his uncle in both positions.

THE Chillicothe (Ohio) *Advertiser* is out for Hon. GEORGE H. PENDLETON for Governor of that State. It says: "Undoubtedly the strongest man in the Democratic party in the State of Ohio, should he its candidate in the approaching Gubernatorial contest. There is no question as to who that strongest man is. Every schoolboy in the State would answer, 'the Young Eagle of the West,' GEORGE H. PENDLETON. The position could not add laurels to PENDLETON, but PENDLETON would reflect honor upon the position. And he should accept. He owes much to the Democracy of the State, and when they call him to carry their banner, he should accept it with alacrity and cheerfulness. Let us have PENDLETON, and the Radical majority will dissolve like the fabric of a dream."

IT IS worthy of remembrance by our Southern country people that Memphis affords the best market for the sale of their cotton, the rates ruling here being one cent higher than those of any other city in the Union. Many persons who have shipped to New Orleans and Mobile are, we understand, contemplating the return of their cotton to Memphis, in order to avail themselves of the higher prices. This is a simple fact that speaks volumes for our future.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, writing from the scene of the late steamboat disaster on the Ohio river, (which, by the way, has not been investigated as promptly as we expected,) says that a total of *eighty-five* persons have been known to be lost on the two steamers; and that, taking into account the unknown persons who must have perished, the deaths by the awful calamity cannot fall far short of *one hundred*.

COTTON MANUFACTURED IN THE UNITED STATES.

From a carefully compiled tabulated statement of the quality of cotton manufactured in the United States, prepared by direction of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers and Planters, we learn that Massachusetts is the largest domestic producer, the quantity manufactured in that State being about one-third of the aggregate for the United States. Rhode Island ranks second in importance, and New Hampshire third. The consumption in the New England States is 295,000,000 pounds, or nearly three-fourths of the entire quantity used in the United States. After the New England States, Pennsylvania ranks as the most important; and next comes New York, with forty-three mills, spinning 20,545,044 pounds a year. Georgia takes the lead of the Southern States, with twenty mills; next comes North Carolina, with fifteen; Virginia, ten; Tennessee, nine; Alabama, eight; South Carolina, six; Mississippi, five; Texas, four; Kentucky, three; and Arkansas, two.

The quantity of the staple consumed in the North is larger than was supposed, the consumption in the South being overestimated. The total manufactured by the mills included in the returns is 400 927,783 pounds per year, equivalent to 890,000 bales. An allowance of 85,000 bales for the 600 000 spindles not reported, and 25,000 bales for the quantity of cotton consumed for other than manufacturing purposes, would probably be approximately correct, and increase the aggregate consumption of cotton in the United States to one million bales, from which we must deduct 100,000 bales for excess of estimates, and we have the actual figures 900,000 bales, about 50 000 bales short of the estimates of 1858-9, during which years the domestic consumption averaged 950,000 bales. The domestic cotton trade therefore, has only just recovered from the depression consequent upon the late civil war.

A MOVEMENT is about to be initiated in Chicago for direct commercial connection with Mobile. The papers in both cities are discussing the enterprise favorably, and the chances are that the Chicago people will take hold of it, and, with characteristic spirit, push it through. The Chicago *Times*, in some well considered remarks upon the subject, says:

As every one knows, Chicago has direct railroad connection with Mobile, except the dozen or so miles between Cairo and Columbus. This hiatus can easily be filled; and then we should have unbroken connection by rail with a Southern port which is precisely on a line running from Chicago to Cuba, or from Chicago to the isthmus, and the ship canal which must soon connect the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. The citizens of Mobile, appreciating the importance of their water and railway connections, propose, on the first of January, or thereabouts, to put on a line of semi-weekly steamers which shall ply between Mobile and Havana. We think our Chicago merchants who have dealings in West Indian products will not be slow to perceive that, by this proposed line of steamers, Chicago will be brought one-third nearer Cuba than it is to-day via New York. The difference in distance will necessarily be accompanied by a proportionate decrease in the cost and time of transportation. There is no reason to doubt that Chicago and Mobile, so soon as this gulf line shall be established, will at once assume intimate and mutually profitable business relations. Independently of affording us inducements to go directly south for our West Indian products, Mobile has command of many articles which we need, and for which, in return, it will take our grain and other productions.

THE New York *Herald* says that President JOHNSON's proposition to pay the national debt by a sort of dissolving process of a novel and ingenious character, excites the indignation and fury of the bondholders, and especially of the worthies at Washington. They should, however, moderate their hostility to the proposition, as well as their anger against its author. If the world goes on for many years longer at its present rate of speed, and under the system of government now prevailing on both sides of the Atlantic, the whole debt of Europe, amounting in the aggregate to over thirteen thousand million dollars in gold, as well as our own national debt, will be liquidated by a more sudden and summary process than that originating with the White House and Treasury Building financiers. The maintenance of large standing armies on a war footing in time of peace; the general pensioning of politicians upon public treasuries; the systematic plunder of Governments by their own officials, and the prevailing extravagance and corruption of the age will pile up taxation higher and higher until the restless people kick over the load. The reckless career the world is now pursuing can have no other end than the repudiation of the national debt, and a general wiping out of bondholders, officeholders and all other pensioners upon the people.

MENARD, the darky Congressman-elect, from the Second District of Louisiana, has not yet received his certificate of election, nor is it yet certain, according to the New Orleans *Picayune*, that he will. That paper in its edition of Saturday, says: "The Governor was about "to give it to him at one time, but on "being introduced to Hon. C. S. Hunt, "some time ago, the latter asking to have "a full statement of the return "of votes received by the Secretary of State, alike those regarded "as regularly returned and those not, "and on its being pointed out to the "Governor that if the votes of the parish "of Orleans were thrown out, the person who would be declared to be elected "would not receive a single vote from "the district which Col. MANN represented, but from parishes which were "not in it, and which did not vote either "for MANN or JONES, he took the matter "again under advisement."

The Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Times* thinks the negro suffrage amendment of the Constitution is not likely to pass the House of Representatives. A canvass of that body by some of the supporters of the measure shows that it will not get a majority vote—to say nothing of the required two-thirds. The proposed amendment is pending before the Judiciary Committee of both Houses, and that of the Senate is expected to report adverse to it, at an early day. Among those who oppose the amendment are some of GRANT's strongest supporters.

GREAT interest is felt among the members of both Houses regarding the decision of the Supreme Court on the legal-tender case now before that body. Court has not met yet in consultation, and the case will not be decided for several weeks, it requiring a long time to prepare opinions after division is made. It is hinted that Chief Justice CHASE and Associate Justices SWAYNE, MILLER, DAVIS and FIELD will vote to sustain the constitutionality of the act, and that CHASE will write the majority opinion.

By Telegraph.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, December 15.—The omnibus railroad bill, providing for the issuance of $2,500,000 in State bonds to certain railroads, was defeated in the House to-day by a decisive majority. No other measure increasing the State indebtedness can pass.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C., December 15.—John C. Dewey, Representative in Congress from this State, was yesterday indicted by the Jury of the Circuit Court for violating the postoffice laws and abuse of the franking privilege.

RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, December 15.—Sallie Quideron, sentenced to death for arson, but discharged last Saturday by Judge Underwood, on the ground of the illegality of the court trying her, under the 14th amendment, has been rearrested by order of the Mayor.

Judge Thomas S. Colson, formerly of Petersburg, died suddenly at Savannah, yesterday.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, December 15.—Both branches of the City Council are largely Republican.

James N. Buffian, the citizens' candidate for Mayor of Lynn, was elected yesterday.

Jonathan Folsom, Republican, was elected Mayor of Lowell, and E. L. Norton, also Republican, was elected Mayor of Charlestown.

James B Blake, Republican, was re-elected Mayor of Worcester.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, December 15.—The river is falling fast, with six feet nine inches in the canal. The weather is cloudy and cold.

ST. LOUIS, December 15.—The river is opening gradually.

CAIRO, December 15.—Down—Swallow, 3 a.m.; Bermuda, 5 a.m.; Sam J. Hale, 6 a.m.; Richmond, 5 p.m. Up—Rubicon.

The river fell four inches. A light rain commenced falling after dark. Heavy ice continues to come out of the Mississippi. The City of Alton will, unless the weather turns cold, start for St. Louis in the morning.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, December 15.—It is stated that there has been a peaceful termination of the insurrection in Cadiz, owing to the good offices of the American consul.

MADRID, December 15.—Political affairs are still unsettled throughout the country. There is great distress among the poor here. Trade is at a stand still. Several journals here will be prosecuted for the encouragement for favoring the Cadiz insurrection.

Gen. Dulce has gone to Cadiz to embark for Havana.

The Duke of Montpensier has returned to Lisbon, he finding that the Cadiz insurrection was not in his favor, but in favor of the Democrats.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, December 15.—The city is alive with soldiers to-day, and what is peculiar, all of them are officers ranging from General of the army to Second Lieutenants, and bearing names that have become historic and will be handed down to future generations, as inseparably connected with the life of the Republic. The hotels where the headquarters of the different armies are located are alive with excitement and enthusiasm, and at the Hotels are great crowds of citizens desirous of paying their respects to the distinguished soldiers, and to catch a glimpse of the great leaders, Grant, Sherman and Schofield. At an early hour in the day the various armies gathered at the different places named, for the purpose of transacting the business connected with their organization, and innumerable speeches were made.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, December 15.—An Elsworth, Kansas letter of the 10th inst., says Gen. Sully arrived at Fort Harker from Gen. Sheridan's camp, below Fort Dodge, a few days ago. The General thinks that with the exception of some roaming bands of young braves, who still continue to infest the roads and attack small parties, the hostile Indians have taken refuge in the Comanche country, on and near the Staked Plains, and there the campaign will be conducted this winter, but Gen. Sully thinks it will be impossible to end the war this winter on account of the character and extent of the country in which the savages have taken refuge, and that it will be transferred in the Spring into the country North of the Arkansas river and along the line of the Kansas Pacific Railroad. Gen. Sulley does not know precisely what are Gen. Sheridan's plans, but thinks he is returning northward by way of Forts Arbuckle and Gibson.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 15.—The Committee on Reconstruction this morning examined the Mississippi Republican Committee, who presented various arguments, with the data, to show why the votes of seven counties should be thrown out of the count, principally on the ground of fraud, irregularities and intimidations, and that with this exclusion, the Constitution of that State has been ratified by about 300 votes.

The Committee on Ways and Means had before them, this morning, a number of dealers in tobacco from New York, who want to effect a change in the law on that subject.

Legislation will partly be suspended on Wednesday afternoon, until after the recess, as Thursday and perhaps Friday will be exclusively devoted to the announcement of the deaths of Messrs. Stevens, Finlay, Hinds and Mann.

Many members will leave for their homes previous to Monday.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, December 15.—Sumner, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported, with an amendment, a resolution offered by him, tendering the sympathy of the United States to the people of Spain.

Catteil, from the Committee on Finance, reported a resolution offered by Willey yesterday, as follows:

Resolved, That the Senate, properly cherishing and upholding the good faith and honor of the nation, do hereby utterly disapprove of, and condemn, the sentiment and proposition contained in as much of the late annual message of the President as reads as follows: [Here follows the parsgraph in reference to the liquidation of the national debt.]

Mr. Sumner moved its immediate consideration, but Mr. McCreery objected and it was laid over.

Mr. Edmunds introduced a bill to prevent the holding of civil offices by military officers, and to prevent the holding of more than one office at a time. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. Terry, the Senate took up from the table the bill introduced by Mr. Stewart yesterday, to punish the crime of holding office in violation of the 14th amendment. Mr. Terry spoke at length, advocating the removal of all political disabilities in the Southern States.

Stewart argued in favor of the bill, saying that while he was anxious to remove the disabilities, he thought there should be a reciprocity on the part of those to be benefitted.

Wilson's bill to repeal the prohibition of the organization of the militia in the Rebel States, was then taken up, and gave rise to a debate, Wilson, Fessenden and Conkling speaking in favor of it and Hendricks against it. Edwards moved to amend by continuing the prohibition as regards Virginia, Mississippi and Texas.

HOUSE.

Pile offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire what further legislation is necessary for the security of life and property and the promotion of commerce on rivers.

[Owing to the lines working so badly no other reports were received last night.]

NEW YORK.

NEW York, December 15.—The *Herald's* special of the 14th from Vienna says: In compliance with the demands of the Turkish ultimatum, the Greek Government is requested to disband its volunteer corps, and forbid Grecian officials from participation in the Cretan insurrection, and also to permit the families of insurgents to return to Crete. Greece refuses these demands, and looks upon them as offensive. The Turkish Minister is preparing to depart from Athens.

A dispatch to the *Herald*, of the 13th, from Havana, via Key West, says that the Government troops suffered fearfully in the recent encounters, and that Almezada is in Nievatras, demanding reinforcements. Risings are reported in several large towns, and the insurrection is now within one hundred miles of Havana.

The British Consul has notified English subjects to immediately register. The authorities require two million dollars for immediate use, and have authorized the Spanish Court to make an additional issue of paper to that amount.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, December 15.—Cotton closed a shade easier. Sales 2800 bales. Uplands, 25@25½. Superfine Flour, $5 55@5 85. Western Whisky, $1 13. Rice firmer. Sugar quiet but firm; New Orleans molasses, 70@77c. Wheat quiet. Corn, $1 12@1 15.

Dry Goods—Medium qualities of brown sheetings have risen ½c. Other grades unchanged.

Money—The demand for Money is limited. The uniform rate for call loans is 7 per cent; old Tennessee, 66; new, 65@65¾. Two banks rent $20,000 in currency West yesterday. Discounts are active, owing to large transactions in produce, at 7@9 for prime names. Sterling is more active as the merchants are now purchasing to make payments in Europe; prime Bankers, 9½@9¾. Short sight bills quiet, 10¼@10½.

The Gold market is tame, but steady. Prices ranged to-day between 134½@135¼. The export of specie shipments next month counteracted the effect of the expected anticipations of the January interest payment of the Treasury. The export to-day was $82,225. Senator Morton's bill had no effect on Wall street, which has a very stubborn opinion that Congress can do nothing at present to remedy the suspension. Report says that the Sub-Treasury is prepared to come to the rescue of the bank in case of a stringency in the money market, by cashing three per cent. certificates freely.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, December 15.—Cotton steady middlings 24@25c; sales 3200 bales; receipts 4758 bales; exports 1858 bales. Gold 35½c. Sterling 47¾. Cotton bills 46¾@46¾c. New York sight ¼@¾c discount. Flour slightly easier; superfine $7 10@7 15; XX $7 50; XXX $7 75@8 50. Corn firmer and scarce; white 77½@78c. Oats firm at 68c. Bran unchanged. Hay, no prime or choice offering; fair 1m at $24 50. Pork inactive at $27 62½. Bacon quiet; shoulders 12½@13c; clear rib sides 18¾@18½c; clear sides 19@19½c. Lard, tierce 17½c; keg 18@18½c. Sugar active and advanced ¼c; common 9@9½c; prime 12¾@12½c; yellow clarified 12½@13½c. Molasses active and tending upwards; common to prime unchanged; choice 72@76c. Whisky firm; Western rectified $1 12@1 15. Coffee, none in first hands; prices nominally unchanged.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, December 15.—Tobacco sales 52 hhds at stiffer rates; new common leaf $6 25@6 75; medium leaf $7 50. Hogs $9 00 gross. Pork $28 50. Lard, tierces 16½c for kettle rendered. Cotton 25c. New Orleans sugar, fair to prime 12@12½c. Plantation molasses 68@75c. Superfine flour $5 25@5 75. Wheat $1 70@1 90. Corn in bulk 80c. Hay $1 40. Oats 57@58c. Bulk shoulders 10½c; clear rib sides 14c; clear sides 14½c packed. Whisky, raw, free, 98c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, December 15.—Family flour $7 70@8. Wheat $1 80. Oats and Corn quiet and unchanged. Cotton, middlings, 23½. Whisky 96@97c. Pork $25. Bulk meats ½c higher. No Bacon in market. Hams 17c. Lard advanced ¼c. Butter 36@40c. Eggs 30c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, December 15.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Superfine Flour $5 20@5 50. Wheat $1 65@1 68. Corn 70@80c. Oats 56@59c. Whisky 94c. Pork $25 50@26. Bulk shoulders 10¾c; sides 14@14½c. Bacon shoulders 14½c; sides 16¾@17c; hams 18½c. Lard 16½@17.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, December 15.—Consols closed at 93¾@93¾. 5-20's quiet, 74.

FRANKFORT, December 15—United States 5-20's closed at 78¾.

PARIS, December 15.—The Bourse closed dull Rentes 78f.

LIVERPOOL, December 15.—Cotton closed dull with a downward tendency. Uplands 10¾d; Orleans 10¾d; sales 8000 bales.

RINGS.

Their Potency, Power and Pelf

The Government of the United States is no longer a government. It is simply a system of jobs managed by a series of rings. Formerly the most dangerous of these was the whisky ring. Its vigor and potency was illustrated when the tax on whisky was reduced one-half and whisky advanced ten cents. That which taxgatherers remitted to the manufacturers was used in controlling the elections.

The most dangerous ring, outside of that of Jay Cooke and the national banks, is the railroad ring. A member of this organization has recently boasted that he was drawing annually five per cent. on five millions, and had never paid in one dollar. The Government fell among thieves. They were enriched by public lands, enough to make kingdoms for several thousand German monarchs. Not content with this, our beneficent Government erected, as it seems, for the sole use of rings, gave them bonds enough to iron and equip the road. A light mortgage, fastened upon the imperial domain, given the ring by the Federal Government, furnishes all the money needed and fills the pockets of the princely stockholders. This ring is on its first legs. It will grow until it overshadows the continent. Not content with a road which makes millionaires of its builders in the process of construction, this ring will buy up the lines of road already finished and control the travel and traffic between New York and San Francisco. Since their road is too far north to serve them through the whole year, this very ring will make the new Congress build for it another road from the Pacific, through Texas, connecting California with the Gulf States. Then the Union will be wholly at the mercy of the imperial railway ring. There will be no future contests between political parties. The recent Presidential election was determined by Belmont, the bondholders, and the railroad rings of New York. In fact, this is no longer a government of the people. For years past no one has imagined that perjury was a crime, or that the Constitution had validity. The tariff, national bank, railroad, telegraph, and whisky rings constitute the thing once denominated the Union, which is now termed, in derision of Federal law, the "nation." The "nation," therefore, is a mighty system of "rings," and they are grievously at fault who imagine that it owes existence to the people or the States.

—The Sultan of Turkey is a great pianist, and both composes and extemporizes.

—Harriet Martineau is about to publish some newly-written biographical sketches of fifty prominent personages.

—From the report of the Secretary of the Interior, it appears that 6 665,742½ acres of public lands have been disposed of, thus leaving still in the hands of the Government 1,405,366,678 acres; that during the last fiscal year there was paid to invalid military soldiers and dependent relatives the sum of $23 658 598; and to navy invalids the sum of $352 338; and that to United States marshals has been paid $1,337,042, and to district attorneys, assistants and United States Commissioners, the aggregate amount of $1,789,177. The Secretary dreads a deficit, unless the fines be increased. The Pacific Railroad is treated at some length, and this forms the most interesting portion of the report.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The annual communication of Hamilton Lodge, No. 299 F. and A. M., will be held at the hall of Angerona Lodge on Friday night, December 18, 1868, for election of officers and other business.
By order of H. J. LYNN, W. M.
W. H. BUTTS Secretary. dec6 3t

WANTED—A situation as BOOK-KEEPER by a man of several years' experience in first-class houses. The applicant was born and raised in the city, has a large circle of acquaintances, and can produce the best of business references for honesty and capacity. Will be ready to take a situation on January 1st. Address Q. Z. M., at this office. dec1 1w

VALUABLE FARM FOR RENT.—The Richardson Farm, on the Mississippi river, four miles below Randolph, Tenn., will be rented cheap for the year 1869 to a responsible party. The farm contains four hundred and thirty-two acres of land in cultivation and under a good fence, and has four different settlements upon it. Apply to GAGE & FISHER, No. 308 Front street, or to J. R. PALMER, Covington, Tenn. dec6 2w

VARIETIES THEATER,
Corner Main and Washington Sts.

CHAS. H. H. BROOM.....Proprietor
J. S. BERRY.....Stage Manager

THE ABOVE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT IS open nightly with a Talented Company of Artists, each one acknowledged to be a Star in his or her speciality. The entertainment consists of Sentimental and Comic Singing, Dancing, Farces, Burlesques, Sensational Dramas, Negro Acts, etc.
Admission, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5.
Doors open at half-past 6 o'clock; curtain rises at half-past 7. dec8

AUCTION.

MIRRORS, FURNITURE, Etc AT AUCTION.
By Monsarrat, Lanier & Co.,
Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers, Ayres Building.

ON THURSDAY MORNING, December 17, at 10½ o'clock, we shall sell, at our Sale-room, a large lot of FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, etc. At 11½ o'clock precisely we shall sell SIX of the largest, most elegant and beautiful MIRRORS ever brought to this city.
Terms cash.
dec6 2t JOHN WILKERSON, Sale-man.

Catalogue Sale of Rich and Elegant
FURNITURE,
AT AUCTION.

BY W. H. PASSMORE & CO., No. 231 Second street, between Adams and Jefferson, commencing on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 16th inst., at 2 o'clock. The stock embraces a most every article called for in the Furniture line, and warranted equal to any in the market.
Catalogues day of sale. dec5 2t

Elegant Parlor and Chamber
FURNITURE
At Auction,
BY A. E. FRANKLAND,
197 Main Street,

I WILL SELL ON THURSDAY MORNING, 10 o'clock, at Salesrooms, Fine Furniture, comprising
Elegant Parlor Set, in Damask and Rosewood.
Elegant Rosewood and Mahogany Chamber Sets, complete.
Also, Velvet and Brussels Carpets.
dec15 3t A. WALLACE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF
SEVEN COTTAGES
—AND—
Leasehold Estate for Five Years,

ON ALLEN AVENUE, BY MONSARRAT, LANIER & CO., ON FRIDAY next, the 18th inst., we will sell at public auction on the premises, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the term of five years, free of all taxes, Seven beautiful Cottages, situated on the west side of Allen avenue, near the intersection of Vance and Avery streets. To each of said cottages there is attached a good cistern, and about 33 feet of ground fronting on Allen avenue and extending westward a depth of about 120 feet, being parts of the east half of lots 11 and 12 in block 4, on the plan of Memphis. These lots and cottages are situated in a pleasant and very desirable portion of the city for residences, and are very convenient to the City Street Railways and markets. The premises will be sold absolutely for a period of five years, free of all taxes and incumbrances.
Terms of Sale Cash.
MONSARRAT, LANIER & CO.,
dec15 4t Auctioneers.

GEORGE H. MONSARRAT. JOHN C. LANIER
Monsarrat, Lanier & Co.,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
—AND—
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
OFFICE AND SALESROOMS,
No. 276 Second St., Ayres Building,
dec4 tf Memphis, Tennessee.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,
37 Union Street,
THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 tf

DRY GOODS
—AT—
WHOLESALE!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS

NEW STYLES
SPRAGUE'S,
ALLEN'S AND
MERRIMACK
PRINTS.

Osnaburgs,
Kentucky Jeans,
Tennessee Plaids,
OFFERED LOW
—TO—
CASH BUYERS!

MENKEN BROTHERS,
Corner Court and Main Sts.

Spicer & Sharpe,
354 MAIN STREET,
MAGEVNEY BLOCK.

WOULD call the attention of families to their choice selection of fine Groceries. We have just received, for family trade, a choice stock of PURE
Bourbon Whisky and Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Holland Gin,
Port and Sherry Wines,
Also, Choice Cooking Wines.
Pure Goshen Butter,
Choice Golden Syrups,
Fresh Buckwheat,
Hominy, Grits,
Pigs' Feet, Etc., Etc.
A full line of CHRISTMAS GOODS.
dec15 tf SPICER & SHARPE.

DRY GOODS.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC
—AND—
ESPECIALLY TO OUR PATRONS.

OUR facilities by the late great decline of all kinds of Dress Goods and Fancy Articles, and through our purchases we are enabled to sell our well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Boots, Shoes and especially Clothing, which we intend to close out regardless of cost at such prices as to excel all other houses in this city.

CHEAP TABLE
—OF—
FANCY ARTICLES
WHICH WILL SAVE YOUR MONEY.

Ladies of Memphis and Vicinity,

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. Our prices will at once, convince you that we are STILL MASTERS OF THE FIELD.

SAVE MONEY! BUY CHEAP!
—AT—
No. 280 Main St.,
Opposite the Clay Building.

GREAT DECLINE OF PRICES
—AT—
M. WOLF & CO.'S
230 MAIN STREET.

Just Received and Purchased at Panic Prices:

BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!
Bombazines,
Irish and French Poplins,
French and English Merinoes,
A Splendid Line Plain and Changeable Alpacas---very cheap;
Chameleon and Waterproofs,
Empress Cloth,
Mohair and Wool Plaids,
All Wool Delaines,

500 dozen Merino and Cotton Hosiery,
Lad and Child Underwears,
HOOP SKIRTS
In style to suit the humblest, and
In Prices to Defy all Competition.

Lad and Gents' Hemstitched, Plain and Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Bonnet Ribbons, 40 cents per yard.
nov21 1m

HERZOG & BRO.
No. 291 Main Street,
Clark's Marble Block.
Are offering to the public at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
Their entire and well assorted Stock of
DRY GOODS
TRIMMINGS,
ZEPHYRS, YARNS, ETC.

We are in receipt of new Goods, and invite the attention of the people of Memphis and vicinity to the inducements offered. nov29

NEW GOODS
—FOR THE—
HOLIDAYS!
No. 265,
Corner Main and Court.

Sterling Silver Wares,
Very Superior Watches,
Rich Jewelry and Diamonds,
Fine French Clocks,
(In Marble and Gold Brozes).

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,
(Successors to Pooley, Barnum & Co.,)
dec6 1m s 265 MAIN STREET.

Dentistry.

DR. N. M. SNEED, DENTIST, has returned to Memphis, and again offers his professional services to the citizens of the city and surrounding country. Rooms at No. 345 Main street, four doors below Union street, over Lulman & Vienna's Gun Store. nov18 1m

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PHELAN.	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.
The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economica management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.
BULKLEY, FERGUSON & PRIVETT,
No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee and Central Alabama.
jeld dtfawlm

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

A. SEESSEL & SON,
Beg leave to offer to the Public their Immense
SECOND STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
Silks,
Satins,
Irish and French Poplins,
Merinos,
Empress Cloths,
AND A VARIETY OF
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS
Which we propose to SELL at prices defying EASTERN AUCTION SALES,
Trimmings, Buttons and Novelties, a Splendid Assortment.

OUR STOCK OF CLOAKS,
Manufactured under our supervision, in the East, which we defy HOME MANUFACTURE. An immense Stock of FURS, FURS, at prices to suit the Public. In addition to the above,
OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS
—FOR—
JOBBING AND PLANTATION PURPOSES COMPLETE
☞ All we ask is a call. Try us and judge for yourselves.
A. SEESSEL & SON,
259 MAIN ST., OPP. COURT SQUARE.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

THE MOST USEFUL PRESENTS IN GREAT VARIETY
—AT—
B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

During the ensuing week, and until after the Holidays, we offer
Great Inducements
—IN—
DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!
CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
SHAWLS! SHAWLS!
FURS! FURS!
BALMORAL SKIRTS!
In all of which we have the most complete stock ever brought to this city; also, an immense New Stock of
BLANKETS! BLANKETS!
FLANNELS! FLANNELS!
HOSIERY! GLOVES!
AND NOTIONS!
IN WHICH WE OFFER INDUCEMENTS TO ALL BUYERS.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
242 Main Street, Corner Jefferson.

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 17 Madison Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

AMOS WOODRUFF, President.
T. A. NELSON, F. M. WHITE, } Vice-Presidents.
BEN. MAY, Secretary.
CHAS. T. PATTERSON, Ass't Secretary.
F. S. DAVIS, Treasurer.

Capital, : : : : : : : : $228,500 00
Surplus, : : : : : : : : 102,742 06

DIRECTORS:

T. A. NELSON,	A. WOODRUFF,	R. C. BRINKLEY,	F. M. WHITE,	C. P. NORRIS,
SAM TATE,	H. A. PARTEE,	C. C. SPENCER,	C. W. FRAZER,	CHAS. KONTRECHT,
JACOB WELLER,	HUGH TORRANCE,	GEN. JNO. B. GORDON,	F. S. DAVIS,	J. W. MCCOWN,

MEDICAL BOARD:
E. MILES WILLET, JOHN H. ERSKINE.

ATLANTA (GA.) BRANCH,
JOHN B. GORDON, Pres't; W. C. MORRIS, Sec'y.
LOUISVILLE BRANCH,
C. C. SPENCER, Pres't; E. P. HOPKINS, Sec'y

☞ Insures Lives, and promptly adjusts and pays Losses. Its principal business is with Southern States, and to them it appeals for patronage. It has ample means to fully protect policy-holders and pay all losses.
W. A. FERGUSON, GEO. C. THOMPSON and WILBUR F. SIMMONS, General Agents
☞ RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

"PEABODY" Hat. Francisco & Wiggin. 3t

FRESH country roll butter and eggs, at C. C. Jackson's, 59 Main street. tf

BANKRUPTS discharged December 15, 1868, W. C. McConnico, E. G. Coleman, Samuel C. Paine.

OPERA CLOAKS beautifully cleaned and dyed at the Memphis Steam Dying establishment, 250 Second street. 3t

IRISH Poplins, best quality and all shades, at $1 25 per yard.
tf RICE & ENGEL.

PAPIER Mache Window Shades, at very low figures, at 375 Main street.
tf J. GRIESHAEBER.

LADIES' Velvet, Felt and Plush Hats at 50 and 75 cents and $1 each, at M. J. Yancy & Co.'s, 192 Main street. 1w

BLACK BRO. & Co., of No. 208 Front street, have just received 1000 barrels of choice apples, which they offer at lowest market price.

HOG STEALING.—Sam Gibbs was yesterday up before 'Squire Griffith, for hog stealing, but his witnesses were too good for the State to make a case against him, and he was discharged.

OLD RELIABLE.—The best of Pittsburg coal, lump, nut and slack, sold by Bigley, Mellersh & Co., South Court and Main streets, Bethel Block. Rates always as low as the lowest. tf

"THE New Year is soon at hand." Buy your Diaries in time. Geo. Pattison & Co., 317½ Main street, have the most complete assortment we have ever seen in this market. 4t

THOSE who wish to make a useful and handsome Christmas present. Should call at E. Fegan's, 256 Second street, Irving Block. 1w

CITY, COUNTY AND SCHOOL SCRIP for sale, in amounts to suit tax-payers, at Emmet Savings Institution, No. 6 Madison street. tf

THE WEATHER.—A slight mist set in yesterday morning about 9 o'clock and continued but a short time before it turned into a steady rain. Toward 4 or 5 o'clock the sun struggled through the clouds, but the rain again commenced and continued to fall with unabated vigor up to present writing.

JOE LOCKE, 236½ Main street, has Godey for January, 1869, and December, 1868; Peterson, and all the latest monthlies, weeklies and dailies, from everywhere. He is agent for Father A. J. Ryan's paper, Banner of the South, and keeps it on his counters, for sale. tf

KID GLOVES cleaned and dyed at the Memphis Steam Dying establishment, 250 Second street. 3t

LADIES' Furs. Francisco & Wiggin. 3t

THE PEABODY HOTEL is now open for the reception of transient guests and boarders. Price per day, $4 00. Day Board, $40 per month. We will be glad to welcome our old friends and guests.
tf D. COCKRELL & SONS.

TO THE LADIES.—We have just received our sixth lot of Ladies' Cloaks this season, which for style, elegance, beauty and cheapness, surpasses any thing ever made in or brought to this market. We invite special attention to our fancy colored Chinchilla Cloaks trimmed after the latest Parisian styles.
tf RICE & ENGEL, 232 Main Street.

CORNS! CORNS! CORNS!—Dr. J. Lindoman, Surgeon Chiropodist, at St. Louis, has arrived for the purpose of curing Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing nails. He cures without pain or drawing blood, by a new process. Give him a call at the Overton Hotel for a few days. 2t

GENTLEMEN'S wear cleaned by the new French process only at the Memphis Steam Dying establishment, 250 Second street. 3t

THEATRE.—In spite of the bad weather *The Lottery of Life* drew quite a crowd again last night to witness its ninth or tenth performance, a fact which speaks volumes for the actors and actresses composing our 'stock' company. It will be repeated to-night.

LADIES!—All kinds of Dress Goods, lower than any place in the city, at Rice & Engel's. nov28 tf

A FULL line of Curtain Damask, Cornices and Tassels, at New York prices, for thirty days, at 375 Main street.
tf J. GRIESHABER.

CORRECTION.—In our account yesterday morning, of the outrages in Arkansas of the infamous Upham, we stated, on what we thought good authority, that Mr. Simons had been compelled to leave Augusta. Mr. Simons requests us to correct this statement. He left of his own accord. He substantiates, however, our statements of the conduct of the murdering, thieving scoundrel Upham, and his crew.

MESSRS. CHURCH & Co. are daily receiving a splendid stock of Christmas books. They opened out, yesterday, the most beautiful lot of Bibles and gift-books that we have ever seen. They will continue to receive new and beautiful goods of this description during the coming week. All who wish something really very handsome should pay them a visit and examine their exquisite selections.

THE MASONIC RECORD, for December, a monthly magazine, devoted to the interests of Freemasonry and general literature, has come to hand. It is published at Nashville, Tenn., by John Frizzell & Co., and contains a large amount of home Masonic news, interesting to every member of the Craft in the State, and indeed in the Southwest.

NOMINATION IN FIFTH WARD.—At a meeting held at Ringgold's, on Shelby street, last night, at which Col. A. H. Douglas presided, in place of T. W. O'Donnel, Esq., the present incumbent, was unanimously nominated as candidate to represent the ward in the Board of Aldermen for the ensuing year. The meeting was composed of the property owners, and the best citizens of that ward, and was very quiet and orderly. Mr. O'Donnel may well feel complimented on securing the nomination of such a meeting.

TO THE LADIES.—We have just received a large lot of Black Alpacas, Empress Cloths and Fancy Poplins, which were purchased at such reduced prices that we are enabled to sell them at lower figures than any other house in the city. An examination of our goods will convince you of the above facts, and we would especially invite your attention to a lot Poplins, of the most elegant styles, which we sell at fifty cents per yard. Our stock of Opera Cloaks is well assorted, and we offer them at New York cost. RICE & ENGEL.
tf 232 Main street.

FITCH Collars. Francisco & Wiggin. 3t

IRISH Poplins, best quality and all shades, at $1 25 per yard.
tf RICE & ENGEL.

SIX thousand dollars' worth Window Shades and Wall Paper, at New York prices, at 375 Main street.
nov24 tf J. GRIESHABER.

EXTENSIVE FURNITURE SALE.—The great catalogue sale of fine furniture, as advertised by W. H. Passmore & Co., commences this afternoon at two o'clock, at their salesrooms, No. 231 Second street. The line of furniture is certainly equal to any in the city as regards quality, and parties desirous of purchasing should attend this sale, from the fact the stock is from one of the largest and best manufactures, and fully guaranteed to be of the quality represented. Catalogues can be obtained early this morning.

BOLD ATTEMPT AT SWINDLING.

A Boston Sharper Tries to Diddle the First National, but is Thwarted.

On Friday last a very genteel, well-to-do looking "gentleman," of tall, handsome figure, portly miea, easy carriage and the blandest of address, arrived in our town from the "far Norrud," as the larkies used to say. He went straight to the Overton and registered himself as Mr. R. S. Morgan, from Massachusetts, and was given the best the house afforded. On Saturday he went to the office of M. Kraus & Co., and presented to Mr Kraus a letter of introduction from Horace B. Claflin & Co., of New York. This letter was not couched in the usual phraseology of a mere letter of introduction; it was more of an indorsement, without being exactly a letter of credit. It had, however, all the weight of the latter with Mr Kraus, who, on the strength of it, took him to the First National Bank and introduced him to the officers—Mr. Norris, the Vice-President, among others.

To Mr. Norris, Mr. Morgan represented that he was in Memphis to purchase cotton, and wished to negotiate for money. Mr. Norris readily promised to advance him all that he might want on bills of lading of cotton. This seemed to be satisfactory at the time, and Mr. Morgan went out, to return, however, shortly afterward, with a draft from the Woonsocket National Bank on the Suffolk National Bank, of Boston, for thirty-two thousand dollars ($32 000), which he wished to get cashed.

Mr. Norris informed him that he would be glad to accommodate him, but would have to send the draft on for collection first—or if he was in immediate need of the money, he repeated his offer to advance on bills of lading. This did not suit the gentleman, however, and after loitering around the office awhile, left.

From that time on nothing has been heard of Mr. R. S. Morgan. On inquiry at the Overton it was found that he had taken to himself the wings of the morning and flown away—in other words, he had taken the early morning train east-ward, and had vamosed. Mr. Norris telegraphed to the Woonsocket and Suffolk banks and received the information that any such draft as the one Morgan purported to hold was a forgery.

Thus the First National escaped being choused, but as Mr. Morgan is as we have described him a very *imposing* personage, and has lots of Yankee brass (though at present apparently devoid of *tin*), he may impose on some less sharp institution. We advise our neighbors in Nashville to be on their guard.

THE HANLONS AT GREENLAW'S OPERA HOUSE NEXT WEEK.—On Monday of next week, the celebrated Hanlon Trans Atlantic Combination, which has created such a furore in the leading cities of the country, appear before a Memphis audience. This is the first time during their residence in this country that ALL the Hanlons have appeared united in one entertainment. Without doubt they are the most daring and graceful gymnasts in the world. In every civilized country they have performed, and always with credit to their audiences. They formerly constituted two separate organizations. They are now united for a farewell tour of the United States. This week they are in Louisville, and the press of that city are unanimous in pronouncing the exhibition the most chaste, attractive and amusing ever offered to a Louisville audience. The Hanlon Combination consists of the *five* Brothers Hanlon, their three little boys, the renowned Russian gymnast, Pfau, Misses Brennan and Thorne, Mr. Brennan, Prof. Sedgwick, the eminent composer and concertinist, Prof. Blamphin, Europe's great harpist, and a carefully selected pantomime company. Crowded houses await their advent, and we cheerfully commend the worthy Brothers Hanlon and talented assistants to the patronage of our entire community. Secured seats now ready and for sale at Katzenbach's music store, 317 Main street.

SOMETHING NEW—CARD ENGRAVING.—We are happy to call the attention of our readers to the general engraving establishment of Thomas J. Day, No. 4 Bethel Block, Main street, corner of South Court. Marriage invitation and visiting cards of the latest styles. Door plates of superior quality and patterns. Stencil cutting of all kinds executed in the best manner; cancelling stamps and seal presses; inscriptions, etc., on jewelry and silver ware, engraved in a style unsurpassed by any engraver in the country. Gentlemen will find a new and elegant style of New Years call cards. Monograms for paper and envelopes embossed or printed in colors. Those of our readers needing any first class work done, we would advise them to call at the above number. e&w.

PEABODY Hat. Francisco & Wiggin. 3t

"CHILDREN will be glad" when they learn that Geo. Pattison & Co. have made a speciality in selecting Juvenile Toy Books. Call early and select—317½ Main street. 4t

LADIES! If you want a good Cloak for little money, go to Rice & Engel's. nov28 tf

WALL Paper and Window Shades, to be closed out positively before January 1, at 375 Main street.
nov24 tf J. GRIESHABER.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.—The January number of this really American magazine reached us yesterday promptly on time. Its contest are quite equal to any of the previous numbers, indeed, are superior in some respects, as the following will show:

BEYOND THE BREAKERS:
A STORY OF THE PRESENT DAY, WITH A FULL PAGE ILLUSTRATION.

II. "Poems for a Golden Wedding."
1. First Greeting—by R. H. Stoddard.
2. Second Greeting—By Geo. H. Boker.
3. Song—By Bayard Taylor.
III. "Chinese Parliaments"—By T. C. de Leon.
IV. "The Blue Cabinet"—A Christmas Story—By Lucy Hamilton Hooper.
V. "The Old Year and the New"—By F. W. Clarke.
VI. "The Secret Agent" (of Napoleon III.)
VII. "Justice for Blue-Beard"—By Miss M. A. Campbell.
VIII. "Cross and Crown"—A Poem—By Edgar Fawcett.
IX. "Pearl of Great Price"—By Rebecca Harding Davis.
X. "The Parisian New Year's"—By Geo. M. Towle.
XI. "Nor Dead Nor Living"—A Love Story—By Jane G. Austin.
XII. "Will Spain be a Republic?"—By Karl Blind.
XIII. "Golden Dreams"—A Christmas Story—By Albert Fabre.
XIV. "Our Monthly Gossip."
XV. "Literature of the Day."

THE condition of the streets, especially Main, in some parts, is absolutely almost as bad as it was before the Nicholson pavement was laid down. Unless something is done soon to clean them, the very existence of the Nicholson pavement will become a tradition, only to be verified by boring or digging for it. It is already covered out of sight with mud.

FURS! Furs! Francisco & Wiggin. 3t

ASSAULT WITH A HATCHET.—Eliza Holland and "Mrs." Lowry Sanders, both black, had a little fisticuff yesterday morning, and Lowry, after looking on awhile and seeing that his "better half" was about to get the worst of the mill, attempted to separate them. Lizzy, however, had her dander up, and seizing a hatchet, made for Lowry, who ignominiously turned tail and fled. He did not stop until he reached 'Squire Griffith's office, and had a warrant issued for the bellicose Lizz. The whole posse were brought before the 'Squire in the afternoon, fined two dollars apiece and costs, and put under a peace bond all around of $500.

ATTRACTIVE.—We were attracted to the establishment of our friends, Menken Bros. yesterday, by the beautiful display of goods in their windows. Moire antiques and stuffs of the latest colors and styles, together with gloves, handkerchiefs, and such little but costly articles as tend to complete a lady's toilet, were thrown together in so artistic and elegant a way as to stamp the man an artist who accomplished the work. It was a very handsome sight.

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS.

A Photograph of What the Associated Press Furnishes.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

I notice in the papers that the Telegraph Company will soon cease sending their dispatches to the New York Associated Press. It is hoped that they will not discontinue their *very interesting* dispatches to the Memphis press. If they do, it will be a *deplorable* state of affairs, as we will not then be promptly advised of who got his nose mashed at a Hibernian wedding in New York or Boston; what cowardly rascal whipped his wife and got into the calaboose for so doing; who filed a divorce for bad conduct of a wife or husband; when and how many times Gen. Grant *sneezed* in a day. It is truly lamentable that the reporter did not let us know if he had a cold, and how often he blew his nose. Please request him to give us the information. It is *important* that we should know *by telegraph*. The people feel such a deep interest in that, and all similar information, they are impatient.

The dog killing season is over in New York. The reporter advised us promptly how many were killed, and we have been anxiously awaiting to know how many were *yellow*, how many *brindles*, and how many had rings around their necks. Please ask him to let us know, as it don't cost you anything to get this valuable information *by telegraph*. We are on tiptoe to know when the next rat killing will take place in New York; how many each dog killed, and the *name* of the winning dog. Information on that subject will be highly prized by us. Tell him we don't want to know anything about important moves in Congress, or elsewhere in the political world; nor anything about the manufacturing or financial interest of the nation. All such things are *dull*, and if they charge anything for such dispatches, it is money thrown away by you, as your subscribers feel no interest in such matters. But if Gens. Sheridan or Custar surprises a camp of poor wronged and peaceable Indians, who have been swindled out of their rights, and murders their women and children, tell him to send us the news about it in double quick time. It is so gratifying to us, and costs you nothing.

Do ask the reporter to attend to these reasonable requests and you will confer a lasting favor on THE PEOPLE.

LADIES' Furs. Francisco & Wiggin. 3t

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC.

Interesting Letter from a Philadelphia Railroad Man.

We are indebted to Mr. Nelson, President of the Chamber of Commerce, and Capt. Ross, Superintendent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, for the following letter in reference to the Pacific Railroad from Memphis, which we give to our readers as a matter of great interest:

LYON COUNTY, KANSAS, December 2, 1868.

W. J. Ross, Esq., General Superintendent Memphis and Charleston Railroad:

Dear Sir: I am glad to hear that some action is about being taken by the connecting railroad interests of the States of Tennessee and Kentucky in reference to the construction of a rail route over the 324 parallel of latitude. I am glad to see it, and for this reason:

I have been over the route, and have instrumentally examined the country west of the Rio Grande, with the view of ascertaining its practicability for the construction of a railroad. I have examined much of the ground between the Mississippi river and the prominent Pacific ports, San Francisco and San Diego, and very well do I know the country west of the Rio Grande and the Pacific coast in the vicinity of the 324 parallel.

A rail connection from Charleston or Memphis, via Memphis, Little Rock and Fort Arbuckle, thence to the headwaters of the Red river, crossing the Rio Grande at or near Old Fort Thorn, thence via Fort Cummings, Tucson or the San Pedro to the Gila river, down the Gila to Fort Yuma, thence branching to San Francisco and to San Diego, is one of the most desirable routes that can be conceived of.

It gives a line of rail that can be operated at all seasons of the year regardless of snows or extreme cold weather, and beside *the shortest rail connection that can be built* THROUGH THE STATES between any of the Atlantic and Pacific ports, and no greater length of road to build than is yet required to complete some of the other already partly finished Union Pacific Railroads.

I would be glad if you will, on receipt of this, give me a statement showing the shortest rail connection between Charleston and Little Rock, and Savannah and Little Rock separately—the length of each connecting road, with their termini.

I would be glad to promote the enterprise above referred to, and will give you any information on the subject you desire that I can.

If the Memphis Board of Trade, or the Louisville Board of Trade feel any interest in the matter I will favor them as far as I can.

Respectfully yours, etc.,
JOHN RUNK, JR.,
1718 Vine street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MANY years ago the writer of this notice and an invalid physician, while visiting the Island of St. Croix for their health, experienced and witnessed many surprising and beneficial effects of the Rum there produced upon many of the invalids who were, like ourselves, seeking health, and upon inquiry and investigation, obtained a full history of its medicinal virtues. He was delighted and surprised, and determined to make it the basis of a *Tonic and Restorative Medicine*. The result of his labors was a glorious success for himself and suffering humanity. The celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS was thus made known to the world. Being an article of real merit, founded on new principles, and relying wholly upon the vegetable kingdom for its medicinal effects, it worked a rapid revolution in the treatment of physical debility.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. 3tdé&itw

BLANK BOOKS.—We say without hesitancy, that we are selling the best and cheapest blank stock in the city. We challenge the trade. We have just received a very large addition to our stock. Call and see at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s, 317½ Main street. 4t

"PEABODY" Hat. Francisco & Wiggin. 3t

REPORT of patents granted to Southern inventors for the week ending December 1, 1868, as reported by F. Stith, Solicitor of Patents, Kit Williams Block, Memphis, Tenn.:

84,563. Plow, George W. Marsh, Clinton, N. C.

84,620. Mortising Machine, W. L. Epperson, Louisville, Ky.

84,668. Churn, Fred. Whitton, South Carrollton, Ky.

84,669. Suspender, Sam'l Warren Henlon, Selma, Ala.

THE VARIETIES.—This theater continues nightly to furnish its quota of fun and amusement to the public, and is nightly thronged with crowds who enjoy good burlesques and negro minstrelsy. Manager Broom has spared no expense to cater to the taste of that portion of the community who attend his show, and we can say with truth that his place is one of the best of its class in any portion of the country.

PERSONAL.

Gen. W. H. Jackson was married yesterday, near Nashville, to Miss Saline Harding, daughter of Gen. Harding. The happy couple will be in our city today, en route for New Orleans. The gallant General has many warm friends in this city, who will, no doubt, congratulate him upon this, his second surrender to the force of arms. He has, like a true soldier, observed his first parole, and will, do doubt, prove equally as observant of the obligations which now bind him with their silken cords.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Condensed Report of the Proceedings of Saturday.

NASHVILLE, December 12, 1868.

Senate.

Senate met at 10 a.m. to-day, Speaker Senter in the chair, and twenty-one members present. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Huntington.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Rodgers presented a petition from citizens of Warren county in relation to the McMinnville and Manchester Railroad, which was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

BONDS FOR RAILROADS.

House joint resolution, adding Messrs Rosch and Bosson, of the House of Representatives to the committee raised under House joint resolution No. 233, authorizing the committee to investigate how the bonds loaned the railroads had been expended.

The resolution elicited a great deal of discussion between Messrs. Nelson, Norman, Rodgers, Speaker Senter, Lindsley, Keith and others.

Mr. Keith moved to lay the resolution on the table. Lost—ayes 9, noes 12.

Pending the further consideration of the resolution, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

House.

NEW BUSINESS.

By Mr. Thornburg, of Jefferson: An act to change the punishment for rape. Passed.

By Mr. Grayson: A bill to provide for the issuance of $100,000 in State bonds to the Mineral Home Railroad Company. Passed and referred to Committee to Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Bowles: A bill to regulate the fees of lawyers. The bill provides that lawyers who lose their cases shall not be entitled to a fee of more than five dollars, the penalty for taking a higher fee to be $50, one half to go to the person giving information of the violation of the act, and the other half to go to the common school fund. Passed, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A preamble and resolution by Mr. Taylor, of Carter, as follows:

WHEREAS, The Comptroller of the State, G. W. Blackburn, has transmitted to this House, without authority, a message of instructions, an act unwarranted by precedence; and whereas, the following assertions is made in said communication: "I went to New York, and, as Comptroller of the State, gave unqualified assurances from his Excellency, the Governor, and the State Legislature, that the public debt would not be increased, but lessened;"—which assertion not only attacks the honor and veracity of his Excellency, the Governor, but the members of the Legislature also; and whereas, said communication will endanger the credit of the State, if not corrected, and work to the advantage of the bond speculators; therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That the action of the Comptroller in writing said communication, is an insult to this body, and deserves condemnation.

Be it further resolved, That the State of Tennessee will meet her liabilities, it matters not what may be the amount, so long as there is a dollar in the treasury, or property in the State subject to taxation.

Mr. Jordan moved to suspend the rules to take up the resolution. The motion was lost, and the discussion on the subject postponed till Monday.

By Mr. Walker: A bill to authorize the trustees of Tennessee Academy to rebuild the same at Sulphur Spring, Rhea county. Passed and referred to the Committee on Common Schools.

By Mr. Bisson: The following resolution, which lies over under the rule:

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance and Ways and Means take into consideration and report at the earliest convenience, what legislation, if any, is necessary to insure the payment of the interest on the State debt maturing on the first day of January, 1869.

RESOLUTIONS TAKEN UP.

House joint resolution 260, by Mr. Cagle, taken up, relating to common schools. Referred to the Committee on Common Schools.

Senate joint resolution 100, instructing the committee raised by Mr. Paston's resolution to investigate the manner in which bonds have been issued to railroads, and whether or not the railroad companies that have drawn bonds have complied with the laws making the appropriations and the internal improvement laws of the State, and report to the General Assembly. The Speaker ruled that the resolution was in order, although it had the appearance of being out of order in consequence of the committee having already reported.

Mr. Roach thought the matter ought to be investigated, and held that the people of the State at large as well as the Legislature, would be anxious to know about the issuance of those bonds.

Mr. Taylor, of Carter, contended that there was no such committee in existence now, inasmuch as it had been created for a special purpose, and having fulfilled the object for which it was created, was necessarily dissolved.

Mr. Stone was of the same opinion.

Mr. Cardell made a point of order to the effect that the decision of the Speaker was not made on the question raised by Mr. Taylor, of Carter, and therefore all discussion was out of order.

The Speaker then decided that if the resolution had originated in the House it would be out of order, but as it came from the Senate it should be disposed of some way.

A motion to refer to Committee on Internal Improvements was lost by a vote of 33 to 27.

The resolution then passed.

Adjourned to 10 a.m. Monday.

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—Yesterday's calendar was entirely disposed of. The jury, in the case of Wade Bolton vs Street et al, rendered a verdict for the plaintiff to the amount of $8,866 34.

The cases inserted below will come up to-day:

1501 Farmers' Bank of Kentucky vs Ayres et al.
1502 Townsend vs Hinkle et al.
1503 Straus, Lehman & Co. vs Jackson et al.
1505 Herring vs Ridnew et al.
1506 Swayzy vs Tenn. Nat. Bank.
1507 Porter vs Mann.
1508 Thiems vs Blemfeld.
1509 Ubert, Co vs Strathel.
1510 Underwood, for use, vs Phœnix Insurance Company.
1511 Union Bank of Tennessee vs F. R. & H. Lanier et al.
1512 Henry vs Mallory.
1513 Mendell vs Ford & Wilson et al.
1515 McCleary vs McCleary.
1516 Sturgis vs Commercial Bank.
1520 Same vs Jackson Ins. Co.
1156 Gorman vs Taylor.

The three last named cases were specially set for to-day.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—The business transacted in this Court yesterday included the disposal of all the cases published in yesterday's calendar. The following cases will be called for hearing to-day:

419 Buford vs Memphis Bulletin Co.
423 Cash vs Bolton.
437 Baker vs Lewis.
438 Wicks vs Thorpe.
440 Hart vs Shaw.
441 Milton vs Hopton.
444 Swift vs Holmes.
447 Turner vs Schloss.
449 Rayner vs Rayner.
454 Magrioln vs Cicalla.
455 McDermot vs Ensley.
456 Baker vs Hardin.
459 Perkins vs McCullough.
460 Irby vs Riggs.
467 Stoner vs Humes.
468 Scruggs vs Walker.
469 Coston vs Walker.
470 Scruggs vs Walker.
461 Hays vs Walker.
462 Cobb vs Gibson.
465 Jones vs Tyler.
466 Davis vs Peplon.
468 Jones vs Moore.
467 Joyce vs Odell.
468 Peplon vs ——.
471 Reid vs Reid.
472 Jefferson vs Perry.
473 Nurment vs Winters.
474 Feucht vs League.
475 Yerger vs Aiken.
478 Brown vs Gallo say.
479 Hilliard vs Galloway.
480 Harris vs Betts.
482 Wall vs Roberts.
483 Greenlaw vs Holmes.
484 Torian vs Hallum.

The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the case of Fleming vs. Neal.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—All the cases on yesterday's calendar were either tried, continued or specially set for some other day during the term. Twenty-three judgments were rendered. The following cases will be called for trial to-day:

1141 Henwood vs Eosley.
1190 State of Tennessee vs Speed, McManus & Co.
1323 Hampton vs Mississippi Valley Insurance Company.
1325 Powers vs Treat.
1379 Smith vs Bell.
1381 Mount vs Sumar I et al.
1382 Grannel vs Williams.
1383 Bruce & Co vs Jones.
1384 Call vs Waggener et al.
1387 Frank & Co vs Clayton.
1388 Griffing & Co vs Memphis Association Course.
1387 Farley et al vs Jones et al.
1388 Paul, adm'x, vs Wood, adm'r.
1389 Bruce & Co vs Toomy.
1390 Littleton vs Waddell et al.
1391 Miller vs Sommerville.
1392 Near & Hickman vs Ruffin & Finney.
1393 Milburn vs Flinn et al.
1394 Allen, use, etc, vs Gant.
1395 Aiken & Larkin vs Same.
1396 Allen vs Gleason.
1397 Murphy vs Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad Company.
1398 Carnart & Bro vs Selling.
1399 Waldran, use, etc, vs Selling.
1400 Grinkley vs Wiggins.
1401 Ray vs English.
1402 Winters vs County of Shelby.
1403 Brankin vs Southern Express Company.
1404 Sayers vs Rocco.
1405 Sullivan vs Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis.
1406 Merchtland vs Same.
1407 Galvin vs Same.
1408 Foley vs Same.
1409 Carnes vs James et al.
1410 First National Bank vs Lawless et al.
1411 Slattery vs Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis.
1412 Turnall et al vs Eastland & Gilbert.
1413 Martin vs Montgomery.
1414 Rothrock vs Grant.
1415 Tennessee Fire and Marine Insurance Company vs Payne.
1416 Campbell vs Same.
1417 Waldran vs Pittman et al.
1418 Farabee vs Delap.
1419 Perkins vs Newman.

CRIMINAL COURT.—*J. E. Bigelow, Judge, etc.*—In the above Court the following business was transacted on yesterday:

State vs. F. Gatti, indicted for larceny. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and fixed the punishment at three years in the penitentiary.

State vs. Wm. Adams and John Riley, indicted for larceny. The jury returned a verdict of guilty as to Riley, and not guilty as to Adams.

The case of the State vs. Owen McPartland, who was indicted jointly with John Winters, for murder, was abated on account of the death of the defendant.

State vs Thomas Prewitt; murder. A continuance was obtained until the next term.

State vs James Cobb; jury, and verdict not guilty.

The following is the calendar for to-day:

79 State vs W F Clark; larceny.
65 State vs Sam VanPelt; larceny.
66 State vs R C Williams and Henry Sweeney; robbery.
68 State vs John Ryan; larceny.
57 State vs A J Clay; larceny.
59 State vs John Wilhelm; attempt to commit a felony.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT AND CIRCUIT COURTS—*Hon. Connolly F. Trigg, presiding.*—The peremptory call of the criminal docket of this Court will be taken up on next Friday morning.

Messrs. A. C. Minor and Crocker were excused from further service on the Grand Jury during the term.

The case of James Thomas, jr., vs. J. B. Sharpe & Co., was then taken up. It appears that Mr. Thomas was in the habit of drawing drafts upon J. B. Sharpe & Co., after being informed of the amount of sales made by them; that at the fall of Memphis Messrs. Sharpe & Co. had made sales to the amount of $4000, no account of which they ever made to the plaintiff until 1866. The Court decided that from the evidence given, no instructions, expressed or implied, had been given to the defendants to sell for Confederate money; consequently there was no illegality in the transaction under the existing laws of Congress relative to traffic in the above mentioned money.

The jury, after a short retirement, returned a verdict for the plaintiff of $4750.

A petition of involuntary bankruptcy was presented against Trehman Loeb. The argument will be heard this morning.

"RICH and elegant Gift Books," illustrated in the most elegant style. Call and see them at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s, 317½ Main street. 4t

LACES and lace handkerchiefs bleached and neatly put up at the Memphis Steam Dying establishment, 250 Second street. 3t

A Card.

The officers and members of steam fire engine company No. 3 acknowledge the handsome donation of forty dollars from S. H. Leavett & Co., in consideration of the pristine and efficient services of our company in saving his large stock of boots and shoes from the destroying element at the recent fire on the corner of Union and Main streets. While such appreciative spirits live, true firemen feel that gratitude has not ceased to exist. We trust he will so succeed in business as not to be in want of a good and increasing patronage.

Respectfully, yours, J. J. REED, Captain No. 2.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Lump and Nut.

A FRESH supply of the best Pittsburg LUMP AND NUT COAL just received and for sale by the Hays Coal Company. Office, 22 1-2 Madison street. del4 1w

THE WORKINGMAN,

HAVING reached a circulation of two thousand, presents a medium through which merchants and others may make their business known, inferior to few papers in the south. Those who may wish to avail themselves of the advantages it offers, will please hand their favors in by Tuesday of each week, as it is published three days ahead.

Office, No. 362 Main street, up-stairs.
del3 1w B. F. C. BROOKS, Editor.

THE CEM SALOON.

In the Knickerbocker Building, MADISON STREET.

BY GEORGE KENDALL & CO.

THE BEST THAT THE VINTAGES AND Distilleries afford—ALWAYS. nov19 tf

Mississippi Cotton Plantations For Rent.

EIGHT PLANTATIONS NEAR BEULAH, Bolivar county, Miss., thoroughly protected from inundation by the new levees. Four Plantations for sale.

CLARK & MONTGOMERY,
del9 1tal Beulah, Mississippi.

WHEATON NURSERY

Established in 1840.

A LARGE variety of Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Evergreens and the finest varieties of Fruit Trees; also, a full assortment of Hot House Plants and Flowers, and everything usually found in a first class Nursery, which I offer for sale at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

The stock on hand having accumulated for the last few years, it becomes necessary, on account of a want of room, to dispose of the surplus, which I will offer at greatly reduced prices, and cheaper than any Nursery north or south of this point can possibly furnish them.

They are the selections of the late Dr. Wheaton, whose long experience is the best guarantee of their being not only what they are represented to be, but as being peculiarly adapted to the Southern climate—a market for which he devoted his especial study.

In addition to the above, I have a very large stock of Magnolias, which I can offer at greatly reduced prices, and which will be carefully packed for transportation by an experienced gardener.

Catalogues, with prices and any information wanted, will be sent on application to

WADDY THOMPSON,
P. O. Box 126, Memphis, Tenn.
Terms cash or city acceptances. nov9 dawtf

DAILY APPEAL

YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION

$10 00,

A REDUCTION OF

$3 00 PER YEAR.

☞ Send in your [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

MARIE FREDERICOI'S

GRAND OPERA COMPANY.

THE management take pleasure in announcing to the public that arrangements have been made to produce the Grand Opera for a season of THREE NIGHTS and ONE MATINEE. The Operas will be produced in the following order:

Thursday, December 17---MARTHA.

Friday, December 18—DER FREYSCHUTZ.
Saturday, December 19—FAUST.
MATINEE, at 1 o'clock p.m.—STRADELLA.
PRICE OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Extra for Reserved Seats, 50 cts; Family Circle, 50 cts; Colored Gallery, 50 cts.
Box Office for the Opera at the Theater only, and open now.
LOTTERY OF LIFE Tuesday and Wednesday.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.

POSITIVELY SIX NIGHTS ONLY,
Commencing Monday Evening, Dec. 21st.
REUNION and Farewell Visit to Memphis of all the world-famed

HANLON BROTHERS,

GEORGE,
WILLIAM,
ALFRED,
EDWARD,
FREDERICK,
(and the little Hanlon boys),
JULIEN, VICTOR, FRANCOIS,

And their new Translantic Combination, now making their Farewell Tour of the United States. In addition to the attractions presented by the HANLONS, they have also under engagement the following European celebrities:

PFAU,

The daring young Russian Athlete and Champion of the world upon the FLYING TRAPEZE, who will perform his blood-chilling leap of 75 Feet through mid-air, turning a somersault in his tremendous aerial flight

Accompanying the HANLONS is
Mr. and Mrs. BRENNAN, Burlesque Operatic Artists.
Mr. JAMES BLAMPHIN, Europe's greatest Harpist.
Miss EMILY THORNE, The accomplished Comedienne and Vocalist.
Mr. ALFRED B. SEDGWICK, Concertinist and Buffo Singer.
Messrs. SYLVANI and BENEDICT, Grotesque Artist.

ADMISSION.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Family Circle, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can now be secured from diagram of Hall at F. Katzenbach's Music Store, 317 Main street, WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; commence at 8.
The house will be thoroughly heated at each entertainment.
☞ Only Hanlon Matinee, for ladies and children, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, December 26th.
de15 1w E. KENDALL, Business Manager.

HE IS COMING---STEAM MAN

THE most wonderful mechanical exhibition of the age. Will open in this city at No. 362 Main street, for three days only, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 17th, 18th and 19th. He makes a mile in 2:15, and performs other wonderful feats.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—25 and 15 cents. Reduction made to families and schools. Open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. del5 3t

NORFOLK, VA.

WALTERS' NATIONAL HOTEL

NORFOLK, VA.

J. M. WALTERS, PROPRIETOR. A STRICT first-class house. sep18 6m

WM. A. PRINCE & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

25 and 27 Commerce Street.

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to us, or our New York or Liverpool houses. sep18 6m

ASHBROOK & WHITE,

(Successors to Geo. Phillier & Co.,)

DEALERS IN

FURS, DEER SKINS

—AND—

HIDES,

ADAMS STREET,

Bet. Front Row and Water Sts.,

North Side.

CASH PAID FOR

HIDES, FURS & DEER SKINS.
de3 tf

CHRISTMAS, 1868.

To the City and Country!

JUST RECEIVED—A large stock of Christmas Goods, comprising

PRESERVES,
FRUITS,
NUTS,
TOYS,
FIRE WORKS.

And all the Luxuries and Delicacies in the Confectionery line.

PURE CANDIES,

In Endless Variety.

Pastries, Etc.

☞ SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

L. ROCCO,
249 Main Street,
dec1 1m Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

THE PAST

Teaching the Present and the Future.

BY ALBERT PIKE.

SELECTIONS

From the Editorial Columns of

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

OF THE YEARS 1867 AND 1868.

BY ALBERT PIKE.

It is proposed to publish, in an octavo volume each, two works entitled as above, if a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained to assure the publishers against loss.

The first work was in part published in the Appeal in 1867.

Whether it or the second is worth publishing, it is for those who have been readers of the Appeal to decide. A desire has been expressed by many to have them in a more enduring form, and the author, unable to publish them himself, consents that they may be published, if that desire is sufficiently general to warrant it. nov20

BRICKWORK.

THOMAS CUBBINS can always be found at 191 MAIN STREET, corner Washington. ☞ Leave orders. THO

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, December 15, 1868.

FINANCE.

Exchange is abundant and money easy for ordinary business purposes. Rates are steady, New York and New England bills are taken liberally at ¼ to ½ discount; New Orleans sight at $8 to $8 50 discount per $1000. Selling on New York at par to ¼ discount, and on New Orleans at ¼ to ½ premium.

Gold in New York opened at 135¼ and was unchanged at 2 p.m. We quote at 134¾ buying. Selling at 135¾. Exchange was steady in New York at the opening, and closed at 9¼@10¼. New York Central, 125¾. Erie, 39¾.

The stock market was very quiet to-day, and we could learn of no transactions. Plain and Paving bonds are nominally 52@53c buying.

City Scrip is rather dull. Sellers are numerous at 80@81c, but no buyers at better than 78@79c.

County and Police Warrants are firm and unchanged.

The Supreme Court Judges were to have met to-day for consultation on the legal tender and other cases argued before them during this term. It is given out that the opinion in the legal tender case will be announced on the 21st inst.

The House Committee on Banking intend the present week to take up a bill proposing certain amendments to the National Banking laws, which will prevent, among other things, the mischievous system in vogue in New York of certifying depositors' checks in excess of deposits.

Comptroller Blackburn's recent report to the Legislature, and his general course regarding the State finances, have incensed some of our State officers, and it is understood that a vigorous effort will be made to defeat him when the election for Comptroller takes place. It is understood that Joe Cooper or the Hon. Dave Nunn will be trotted out to run against the present incumbent.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market, to-day, opened dull and tending downwards. Uplands, 10¼; Orleans, 11d. At 1:20 p.m. it was easier, but not quotably higher, and at 5 p.m. was dull and tending downwards. Sales 8000 bales. Uplands, 10¼; Orleans 10¼. The New York market opened quiet but steady. At 12 m. it was the same. At 12:55 it was quiet and weak. Uplands 25@25¼c. At 2 p.m., the last dispatch received, it was quiet but steady. Sales 1500 bales. Uplands, 25@25¼c.

The New Orleans market, at 11:30 a.m. to-day, was quiet but steady. Middlings, 23@23¼. At 2:30 p.m. the demand was fair and prices firm. Sales 4000 bales. Middlings 23@23½.

Our market was active, and the aggregate of sales large, though made up of lists running from 5 to 50 bales, only a few sales running over the latter amount. Prices were full and holders very firm. Among the sales were

Ordinary	40	bales 22
Good Ordinary	35	" 23¼
Low Middlings	50	" 23¾
	14, 65, 13, 8	" 24
	25, 30, 20, 25	" 24¼
Middlings	10, 5, 4, 81, 56, 30 66, 2, all shy	" 24
	30, 20 94, 11, 27, 70, 10, 6	" 24¾
Strict Middlings	18, 6, 5	" 25¼

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, December 15, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	1,266	
Received previously	110,546	111,812
		111,859
Exported to-day	1,697	
Exported previously	104,111	105,808
Stock on hand at 12 m		6,051

TRADE.

There was quite a stir upon our principal jobbing streets to-day, and prices were well sustained. Receipts by steamer of Northern commodities are very light in consequence of the Mississippi being obstructed above Cairo, and the embargo laid upon shipments by the Underwriters. While, however, there is little coming in this way, a fleet of seven flat boats came in yesterday, all loaded with produce, which will be offered on the market to-morrow.

The Louisiana papers say that the season has been a splendid one for the sugar planters, and they are making preparations for more extensive cultivation of the cane next year.

One of the editors of the San Antonio *Herald* writes from Stockton, on the old Butterfield, Springfield, California mail route, that on these roads are constantly being driven large droves of beef and stock cattle, destined for the upper country, New Mexico, Arizona and California. He was informed that the number of cattle that have, during the present year, passed Camp Charlotte is at least one hundred and fifty thousand. The writer passed five herds in a drive of twenty-four hours, the number in each herd ranging from 1100 to 3000, and this is regarded as a dull season by some of the troops stationed along the line, who levy a poll tax of one beef on every drove.

The tobacco crop is one in which we are largely interested, and our city should be one of the first markets in the Southwest for this article. Before the war it was an important item of our trade, and could still be made so if the proper efforts were made. The Evansville *Journal* says of this year's crop, its quantity and quality:

We have made considerable inquiry recently, relative to the tobacco crop of 1868, its quantity and quality, and the prospects of the markets. While all agree that the crop is unusually large, there is some diversity of opinion relative to the quality. Some say that the quality is excellent—as good as has been grown for several years; while others place the quality at a very low standard. Again, other parties with equal facilities for information, equal experience and capabilities for forming a correct conclusion, take middle ground between both extremes, and we think this view the safest of the three. Some tobacco in Indiana was caught by the frost, and a little in Kentucky, but the weather during the fall was as fine for curing the crop as was ever known. To escape the frost, some was cut early and green, and this, with the frosted and lower leaves, is likely to make the lug and trash of the crop heavy.

The body of the crop throughout the Green river country and Southern Indiana may thus far be counted a fair average in quality, while considerably above the average in quantity.

In regard to the market no safe calculation can, perhaps, at present be made. The season is in some respects precarious, and many influences may and will, doubtless, affect the market. The condition of the finances of the country will, of course, have much to do with the tobacco market, as well as with other branches of commerce.

Planters, however, may do many things to their own advantage. Class your tobacco closely. Keep the various qualities carefully separated, especially keep your frosted tobacco by itself. Good tobacco is always marketable. Unwisely mixed, or that mixed in any manner, is seldom saleable, except in a greatly excited market.

GENERAL MARKETS.

APPLES—There is a good demand for cooking and choice eating apples. Selling at $3@3 per barrel, as to quality.

BEANS—Good supply of all kinds. Navy dull at $2 25@2 50 per bushel; Mixed $2 50@3.

BRAN—Stock fair, and moderate demand. Held at $25@26 in lots; $1 50 per 100 lbs.

BAGGING—Very little demand, and supplies more than ample. Prices are irregular. Light weight Kentucky, 12½ a 13c; heavy 19@22c.

BACON—We have but a light supply and very little demand. Clear Sides, 18½@19c, in a small way; Clear Fib, 18@18½c; Shoulders, nominally, 13½@14c; Plain Sugar-cured Hams (new), 18@18c; old Hams not in demand; Breakfast Bacon, 17@18c; Country Clear Sides 17@17½.

BULK MEATS—The supply is light and demand fair. We quote clear sides 14½@15c; Hams dull at 13c; shoulders, 10½@11c.

BEES WAX—We have no change to report. Fair receipts. Selling at 30c.

CABBAGES—There is a good stock, and prices are firm at $9 all per 100.

CHEESE—The market is firm and prices are tending upwards. Factory, 18½@19c; English Dairy, 18½@19c; Western Reserve 17½@18c; English Goster, 19@19½c.

COFFEE—There is a very good demand, and the rates are quite firm. We quote Common to Choice Rio at 21@24c, in lots of 10 to 20 sacks; Java, 30@32c.

CORN MEAL—We have a very light demand to report. We quote, bulk, at $1 40 per bbl.

CORN—The market is dull. A sale of 140 sacks, on levee, reported at 68c. The was refused for a lot of 200 sacks choice white.

CHICKENS—Firm at $1 50 per dozen.

DRIED FRUITS—Very little coming in. Apples, 7@8c; Peaches 9@10c.

EGGS—Light stock, firm at 40c.

FLOUR—There is a very good demand for low Superfine Flours, but fancy grades are neglected and dull. We quote at $8@12 as to quality.

GAME—The supply is not equal to the demand. Venison, 7@8c all round; saddles, 10@15c. Wild Turkeys, $10@12. Wild Geese, $9@11. Ducks, $1 50@2 25. Quails, $2@2 25; Squirrels, $2 00@2 25.

HAY—A very small stock on levee, but on flatboats we learn there are several hundred bales. We quote at $22@23, in lots.

HIDES—There is a good demand and moderate receipts. Green, &c: Green Salt, 10@10½c; Dry Salt, 17c; Dry Flint, 20c; Green Deer Skins, 12½@15c; Dry, 25@30c.

HOGS—There are not many at the yards, and prices are firm at 8@8½c. Dressed hogs are abundant, and held at 9½@10½c.

IRON TIES—There is a fair stock on hand, with light demand. Selling at 7½@7½c, as to style of tie.

LARD—Market quiet. Tierces, 15½@16c; kegs, 16½@17c.

LIME—Cape and Alabama, $2@2 25; outside brands, $1 75@2.

MESS PORK—Stock light. New and old Mess are held at $26 @27 in a small way. The demand is not at all active.

MOLASSES—Market well supplied, and prices are weak. Common to choice Louisiana, in bbls, 65@85c; half bbls, 75@85c; kegs, 10 gallon, $8@9 50.

MACKEREL—In good demand. No. 1, in kits $2 50@2 75; No. 2, $2 00@2 50; No. 3, $2 10@2 25.

NAILS—Large stock. Rates, $5 25@5 50.

OATS—Market firm. Holders ask 68@70c, in store and on levee.

OILS—Coal Oil, 31@33c; Lard Oil, $1 30@1 50; Lubricating Oils, 60@70c.

POTATOES—The market is firm; selling in lots from store at $3; single bbls, $3 25@4 in sacks per bushel, 90c@$1. Sweet Potatoes 60@75c.

PORK—Prime, $25 @26; Mess, $2 75@2 80; Extra, $3 50 from store by single sack.

SHEEP—Very little demand. Held at $2@3 per head. Dressed, 8@9c.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5@6.

TURKEYS—Fair inquiry at $2@2 25 per dozen.

TOBACCO—The stock of Manufactured Tobaccos is large, and prices are steady with good demand.

TALLOW—10@11c. Fair receipts.

WHISKY—Market moderately active. We quote Highwines, $1 03@1 05; Proof Whisky, $1 12@1 15; Common, Staple; Domestic Bourbon, $1 05@1 15; Bourbon, $1 20@3.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR EVANSVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Evansville Weekly Packet—For Cairo and Evansville.

NORMAN.....Hewett master

This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on

THIS DAY, 16th inst., at 5 p.m.

dec16 1t LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, 7½ Madison street.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Regular New Orleans and Louisville Packet For Cairo and Louisville.

DEXTER.....Montgomery master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above

THIS DAY, 16th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,

dec16 1t No. 7½ Madison street.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company. For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

SILVER MOON.....Spiller master

This elegant and fleet passenger steamer will leave

THIS DAY, 16th inst., at 5 p.m.

JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,

dec16 1t No. 12 Jefferson street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Line For New Orleans.

RICHMOND.....J. Stut Neal, Master

This splendid low pressure passenger packet will leave as above

THIS DAY, 15th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,

dec16 1t No. 7½ Madison street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet

MISSISSIPPI.....N. S. Green, Master

This Mammoth freight steamer will leave as above on

WEDNESDAY, 16th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight only apply to

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,

dec13 4t No. 7½ Madison street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet

MISSISSIPPI.....Green, Master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above

WEDNESDAY, 16th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,

dec13 4t No. 291 Front street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet

MISSISSIPPI.....Green master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave

WEDNESDAY, 16th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

MART WALT & CO., Agents, 272 Front street.

dec13 4t

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Arkansas River Weekly Packet—For Helena, Pine Bluff and Little Rock.

BERMUDA.....Clayeomb master

This new and magnificent passenger steamer will leave

WEDNESDAY, 16th inst., at 5 p.m.

VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,

dec13 4t 294 Front street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

For Jacksonport, Powhattan, Pocahontas, direct without shipping.

R. P. CANVERSE.....Bisworth master

This splendid passenger packet will leave for the above

THURSDAY, 17th inst., at 5 p.m.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,

dec16 2t No. 291 Front street.

Regular White, Black and Current River Packet.

LADY WITHAM.....Capt. Chas. Keefe

Std. H. Humphrey, Clerk.

THIS packet will make Weekly Trips from Jacksonport, Ark., up Black river to Pocahontas and Poplar Bluff, and up Current river to Doniphan. She will make close connections at Jacksonport with the

Steamer Des Arc Every Saturday.

Shippers and passengers may rely on her punctually. des 1m

FOR HALE'S POINT.

Memphis and Hale's Point Packet.

For Randolph, Fulton, Osceola and Hale's Point.

The Sidewheel Passenger Packet

MYRTLE.....Captain W. C. Hardwick

WILL leave Memphis as above every Tuesday and Saturday, commencing Wednesday, November 25th, and will remain permanently in the trade, and by strict attention to business trusts to receive the patronage of shippers.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

MART WALT & CO., Agents,

nov22 1t No. 272 Front street.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Memphis and St. Francis River Tuesday Packet.

For Helena, Wittsburg and St. Francis River.

The new and elegant Sidewheel Passenger Packet,

SAINT FRANCIS,

Capt. T. R. Bowman, - - Sam C. Paine, Clerk

WILL leave Memphis on her first trip TUESDAY, November 24th, for Helena and St. Francis river, and EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,

nov19 1t No. 7½ Madison street.

JUST RECEIVED BY

MEACHAM & TREADWELL

No. 9 Union Street,

Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn.

100 Hhds. Louisiana Sugars,

300 Bbls. and Half Bbls. Molasses,

300 Bags Rio Coffee,

15 Tons Beard's Button Ties,

Which, with their large assortment of Goods already in store, makes their stock one of the largest and most complete to be found in the city. They invite an examination, feeling confident their prices and goods will give satisfaction. To the trade they are prepared to offer extra inducements dc4 1f

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

TO MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West—Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a.m.

Coming East—Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.

JAS. W. ROBERTSON, General Superintendent.

oc2

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
New Orleans Express, daily, except Sunday	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Accommodation, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.

C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. au16

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	12:45 p.m.	12:40 p.m
Through Express	11:10 p.m.	9:10 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at		5:05 a.m
Grand Junction Accommodation, daily (except Sund'ys)	8:45 a.m.	4.15 p.m
Somerville Accommodation (except Sunday) leaves at	12:40 p.m.	5:05 a.m. 4:15 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.

Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, E. R. time	6:30 a.m.	2:45 p.m
" City time	5:10 a.m.	
Night Express, E. R. time	3:15 p.m.	6:25 a.m
" City time	2:55 p.m.	

BROWNSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Memphis, Railroad time.....4:00 p.m

" City time.....4:10 p.m

Arrive.....9:50 a.m

Ticket offices No. 257½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. R. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

The weather yesterday was wet and disagreeable. Rain fell all day and long into the night.

The river at this point fell about one inch in the past 24 hours. Considerable ice floated by the city early in the day.

We have no later news from the Arkansas or White rivers.

At Louisville, says the *Courier* of Monday, the river rose two inches at this point yesterday. At dark the marks indicated 7 feet 5 inches water in the canal, 5 feet 8 inches water in the chute, and 4 feet 8 inches on the rocks.

The St. Louis *Democrat* of Monday says: On Saturday there was a very sensible moderation in the temperature of the weather, with a prospect, should the thermometer continue to rise, that the river will not be immediately locked in the embraces of the ice king. The river at this point is filled with lumps of floating ice, which above has accumulated so as to impede navigation. The Tom Jasper, from Keokuk, came down Friday night, having suffered some trifling damage from the ice. All the buckets on one of her wheels were broken, and all but two of the other wheel were in the same condition. At Alton her damages were repaired, and she took on the passengers and freight of the Phil. Sheridan, which laid up at that point, and brought them down to St. Louis. She also brought down the crew of the Rob Roy. At the mouth of the Missouri river, a stern-wheeler was seen fastened in the ice gorge formed there. The latest news will be found under our telegraphic head.

Arrivals.

Steamer Robt. Burns, New Orleans.
" G. A. Thompson, New Orleans.
" Thompson Dean, New Orleans.
" Ozark, Arkansas river.

Departures.

Steamer Thompson Dean, St. Louis.
" Belle Memphis, St. Louis.
" Robt. Burns, Cincinnati.
" G. A. Thompson, Cincinnati.
" Liberty, White river.
" Des Arc, White river.
" Natoma, Friar's Point.
" St. Francis, St. Francis river.

In Port.

Silver Moon, Mississippi, Norman, Ozark.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The elegant passenger packet Mississippi, Capt. Nat. S. Green, it must not be forgotten, leaves to-day for the bends, Vicksburg and New Orleans. We have often alluded to this packet as one worthy the support of our people, and need say no more on that subject. Passengers will find her all they can desire in the way of comfort and luxurious living. Messrs. Cook Creighton, John Langlois and John Fenwick, her clerks, are all clever, obliging and attentive officers, who never tire in well doing. Henry Hellery, of the "Hellery House," is also an institution on the packet. While we speak of her officers, we must not omit to mention Bob Crouse, the captain of her lower deck. Bob won fame when shot and shell were more plentiful in these parts than cotton bales, and is deservedly one of the most highly appreciated mates upon the river.

We have no St. Louis packet to-day.

The Ozark came in from the Arkansas with a good trip. Capt. Blasdell backs her out to morrow for Little Rock and all way landings. Ed Outlaw is her clerk.

The magnificent low pressure Richmond, Capt. J. Stut Neal, will pass down for New Orleans to-day. She is one of the best boats afloat. Woolfolk and Lodge are her clerks.

The Liberty and Des Arc had good trips for White river.

The Silver Moon, owing to bad weather, did not get away last night, but leaves this evening at her usual hour. She goes to Cincinnati and all way landings. Ben Merrideen is her master and Mr. Carter is in the office.

Messrs. Billy Railbreath and Tom Norment, well known cotton merchants of this city, after reading the APPEAL'S account of the outrages perpetrated in Arkansas by Clayton's militia, grasped their shot guns and crossed over to Hopefield at a late hour on Monday evening. They searched the woods in all directions for many miles around, but we learn did not succeed in finding any of the militia. They were seen making inquiry of a tow-headed urchin who was fishing with a pin hook at Ten-mile Bayou. The boy had his mouth full of something—worms, probably—but they understood that a man with a musket was stationed a few hundred yards ahead. This information, it seems, was satisfactory, as both gentlemen immediately returned to town—arriving last night.

The Converse was detained by the rain yesterday, but leaves to-day at 5 p.m. for all points on upper White river and its tributaries, where she will ply, in connection with the Liberty, Mayflower and Commercial. Capt. Bosworth is in command.

Capt. J. B Davis was expected home last evening.

The Bermuda, Capt. Claycomb, will no doubt be found in port this morning. She leaves at 5 p.m. for Little Rock and points on the Arkansas, and on her return will ply between this port and Pine Bluff, as a weekly packet.

Capt. Frank Vinson has returned from the Ohio river. He goes up the Arkansas on the Bermuda.

The Luminary and St. Mary's passed Helena on their way up yesterday.

The Sam Hale will no doubt be in port this morning.

Heavy ice still runs out of the Mississippi at Cairo, but a rain set in last night which will improve matters considerably.

The City of Alton leaves Cairo for St. Louis this morning, without the weather is too cold.

The Detroit river is being surveyed to ascertain the practicability of a tunnel between Canada and the United States.

The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the Supervising Inspector of Steamboats of the District in which the recent disaster on the Ohio river occurred, to make an examination of the causes of the same. It is also understood Mr. McCulloch has recommended to the House Committee on Commerce the repeal of laws or parts of laws authorizing carriage as freight of petroleum on steamers carrying passengers.

The Argonaut was not sold at Louisville as reported. She is loading for this port.

DRUGS, ETC.

THEO. HOERNER,

Analytic and Manufacturing Chemist, Druggist and Apothecary,

54 and 56 Beal Street,

(Northwest corner of Second),

CHEMICAL ANALYSES of all descriptions made, and written reports furnished.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

Patent Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, and everything pertaining to a first-class Drug Store. sep27 1f

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, Lumber.

OLDEST lumber merchants in the South. Yard established in Memphis 1847. Building Material of all kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Blinds, Laths, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Fencing. We don't intend to be undersold. Yard and office foot Washington street, near river.

ap18 dawfm M. F. & J. W. COCHRAN.

NEWSPAPERS.

ADVERTISE IN THE

WHITE COUNTY RECORD,

Searcy, Ark.

IT HAS A GOOD CIRCULATION IN ALL the mountain counties, and is the

Only Newspaper in the Little River Valley.

The RECORD is read by all the Merchants in White, Van Buren, Conway, Izzard and Searcy counties; also, by many in Woodruff, Prairie, Jackson and Independence.

Address JACOB FROLICH, JR.,

sep5 Searcy, Ark.

THE BLACK RIVER STANDARD,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY POINDEXTER & SNYDER,

Pocahontas, Arkansas.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year	$ 2 00
Four copies, one year	7 00
OUR CLUB RATES:	
For every club of five, and one to the getter up of the club	9 00
For clubs of ten, and one to the getter up of the club	16 00
For clubs of twenty, and one to the getter up of the club, and one copy of Godey's Lady's Book	30 00

ou8

THE WEEKLY PANOLA STAR,

IS PUBLISHED IN A SECTION OF COUNTRY entirely tributary to Memphis, and has the only extensive unexpired circulation, to a medium of that kind in North Mississippi. Merchants and business men generally will find it to their advantage to advertise in the STAR.

Address PANOLA STAR,

oc8 Panola, Miss.

THE BROWNSVILLE BEE.

COL. W. J. WESTBROOK, Late of Mississippi. DR. R. W. BEERS, Late of Mobile.

WESTBROOK & BEERS,

Editors and Proprietors.

A LIVE WHITE MAN'S JOURNAL, DEvoted to pure Democracy and the rights of the people.

TERMS—Invariably in Advance—Two Dollars a Year; One Dollar for Six Months.

Our very large and rapidly increasing circulation enables us to offer superior inducements, as an advertising medium, to business houses. The BEE REACHES THROUGH THE ENTIRE WESTERN DISTRICT.

☞ No advertisements received except for money and at regular rates.

Address, WESTBROOK & BEERS,

au14 1f Brownsville, Tenn.

To the Merchants of Memphis.

An Excellent Advertising Medium.

THE BOLIVAR BULLETIN, printed at Bolivar, Hardeman county, Tenn., by M. S. PARRISH, is one of the best advertising mediums within a hundred miles of Memphis—advocates Memphis trade, and circulates in a half dozen of the best counties tributary of Memphis. Advertisements inserted at low rates.

3 squares, business card,	3 months	$10 00
4 "	" 3 "	12 00
5 "	" 3 "	14 00
6 "	" 3 "	16 00

SUBSCRIPTION.—The BOLIVAR BULLETIN will be sent to any address, one year, for $4 00, payable in advance.

dy27 tf

THE COAHOMIAN.

PUBLISHED AT

Friars' Point, Mississippi.

THIS newspaper is one of the finest advertising mediums in the State of Mississippi, being the official paper of the counties of Tunica, Coahoma and Bolivar—three of the largest cotton growing counties in the State. Its circulation is not surpassed by any country paper published in the vicinity of Memphis.

J. A. REID & CO.,

nov18 1f Proprietors.

THE TIPTON WEEKLY RECORD

SAM. P. ROSE, Editor & Propri'r

THE "RECORD" IS PUBLISHED EVERY Friday, at

COVINGTON, TENNESSEE,

And is an Independent Democratic paper. It circulates widely in the counties of Tipton, Lauderdale, Haywood and Fayette, and is the best advertising medium, through which the Merchants of Memphis may advertise the country trade, to or bound in West Tennessee.

Advertisements inserted on liberal terms. Specimen copies furnished gratis to all who may desire them. Address

SAM. P. ROSE, Covington, Tenn.

au27 1m

THE GRENADA SENTINEL

J. A. SIGNAIGO, EDITOR

HAS A CIRCULATION AS LARGE AS that of any paper in North Mississippi, and in a section of country where trade is tributary to Memphis. Business men of Memphis will find it to their interest to advertise in the SENTINEL. an16 tf

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

Great Distribution by the Metropolitan Gift Co.—Cash Gifts to the Amount of $250,000—Every Ticket Draws a Prize.

5 cash gifts, each	$10,000	40 cash gifts, each	$500
10	"	5,000	200	"	100
20	"	1,000	100	"	50
80 Elegant Rosewood Pianos, each	$300 to $750				
75	"	Melodeons, each	75 to 150		
376 Sewing Machines,	"	80 to 175			
500 Fine Gold Watches,	"	75 to 300			

Cash Prizes, Silver Ware, etc., all valued at $1,000,000.

A chance to draw any of the above prizes for 25c. Tickets describing prizes are SEALED in envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25c a SEALED TICKET is drawn without choice and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the lucky holder on payment of ONE DOLLAR. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your prize is before you pay for it. *Any prize exchanged for another of same value.* No Blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES: We select the following from many who have lately drawn valuable prizes and kindly permitted us to publish them: S. T. Wilkins, Buffalo, $5000; Miss Annie Monroe, Chicago, Piano, $600; John D. Moore, Louisville, $1000; Miss Emma Wilworth, Milwaukee, Piano, $500; Rev. E. A. Day, New Orleans, $500. We publish no names without permission.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—"The Firm is reliable and deserves their success."—Weekly Tribune, Aug. 8. "We know them to be a fair dealing firm."—N. Y. Herald, Aug. 28. "A friend of ours drew a $500 prize, which was promptly received."—Daily News Sept. 3.

Send for circular. Liberal inducements to Agents. Satisfaction guaranteed. Every package of Sealed Envelopes contains ONE CASH GIFT. SIX Tickets for $1; 13 for $2; 35 for $5; 110 for $15. All letters should be addressed to

HARPER, WILSON & CO.,

nov30 1m 173 Broadway, N. Y.

For Sale.

ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19TH, I will sell, to the highest bidder, at Mason's Depot, a Tract of Land containing 412 Acres, situated in Tipton county, two miles north of Mason's Depot. Terms made known at time of sale.

H. R. and J. I. SHERROD, Administrators.

nov18 1awtiw w

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMber 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

Going West—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

Coming East—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

☞ Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.

au29 1f J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	3:10 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	3:30 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9:00 p.m.	6:35 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:30 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	8:20 p.m.	4:20 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	3:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 3:15 p.m. connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot and by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. R. JONES, Superintendent.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. sep13

Memphis and New Orleans Saturday Packet.

HENRY AMES.....Geo. W. Boyd, Master

J. S. Sedam, Clerk.

THIS splendid steamer will enter the trade as a regular SATURDAY PACKET, leaving Memphis

Saturday, November 28, at 5 p.m.,

And every alternate Saturday thereafter throughout the season.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, No. 7½ Madison street.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 291 Front street.

nov14 1f

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,

MAGENTA

Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS

MISSISSIPPI,

Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk, S. COOK CREIGHTON

ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans

Every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.

Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make up splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.

MART WALT & CO., Agents, No. 272 Front street.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 291 Front Row.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, 95 Lar Wharf-boat, foot Jefferson st.

an12 1f

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER

Packet Compa'y.

THE elegant passenger packet THOMAS H. ALLEN, Master, Reese Fritchard, Clerk, will now take her place in the line, and hereafter the following boats will leave Memphis as heretofore,

Mondays & Thursdays, at 5 o'clock p.m.,

THOMAS H. ALLEN...Reese Fritchard, Master

W. A. CALDWELL.....R. L. Haines, Master

OZARK.....H. Blasdell, Master

Connecting at Little Rock with the new and light-draught packets,

FORT GIBSON.....John Woodburn, Master

FORT SMITH.....James Bowlin, Master

VAN BUREN.....J. W. Williams, Master

All of the above boats were built expressly for the trade, and are particularly well adapted to it. Passengers and freight will be put through by this line to all points on the Arkansas river without detention, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from Napoleon or East of Memphis, should have their goods consigned to "Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company," at Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company, Napoleon, Ark.

Freight received at any time at the Company's office.

JNO. D. ADAMS, President.

T. A. KENDIG, Agent.

nov28 301 Front street, Mosby Block.

'Old Reliable" Memphis and White-River U. S. Mail Packet Company, Semi-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers LIBERTY No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Semi-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Duvall's Bluff with trains of the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs. Returning, will leave Jacksonport every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m., and Duvall's Bluff every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock m.

The Liberty, No. 2, and Mayflower will make close connections at the mouth of White river with the steamer Baildon for Pine Bluff. Fare to Pine Bluff, $12 00; Freight, 50 cents per 100 pounds.

The steamers Economist and Hamilton will run between Little Rock and Fort Smith in connection with this line and the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

Through receipts given for freight to all points between Little Rock and Fort Smith.

Insurance one-half per cent. LESS by this route than any other.

JOHN R. DAVIS, Superintendent.

oc29 1f LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 291 Front Row.

FOR MOUND CITY.

STEAMER GEORGE W. CHEEK leaves Memphis every day for Mound City at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 12 m., 2½ and 4½ p.m. Leaves Mound City every day at 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m., and 1½ and 4 p.m. Landing at foot of Washington street.

jy11 MARK R. CHEEK, Master.

HARDWARE

ALLISON BROS.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,

MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.

dec9 6m

INSURANCE.

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.

S. H. DUNSCOMB, : : : Vice-President.

BEN MAY, : : : : : : : Secretary.

F. M. NELSON, : : : Ass't Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. VACCARO, S. H. DUNSCOMB,
S. B. WILLIAMSON, M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD, E. McDAVITT,
D. H. TOWNSEND.

oc28 1f

CAPITAL, - - $1,000,000

Security, by Law of State of Ohio,

$2,000,000.

ENTERPRISE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF CINCINNATI.

THOMAS SHERLOCK, - - - President

DIRECTORS—R. M. Bishop, of R. M. Bishop & Co.; Theo. Cook, of Baker, Hart & Cook; Joseph C. Butler, President Lafayette Bank; L. R. Hall, of Addy, Hall & Co.; A. S. Winslow, of Winslow & Smith; Charles Rule, of C. Rule & Coleman; Adolph Wood, of Adolph Wood & Co.; John Shillito, of John Shillito & Co.; A. D. Bullock, of A. D. Bullock & Co.; D. T.